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THE ARCTIC WAVE

EUROPE IN ICY GRIP

APPALLING HARDSHIPS

England Still Suffering Severely

MANY DEATHS, EXPLOSIONS, ETC.

The Arctic wave, affecting England and Europe generally, seems to be intensifying and many deaths and much hardship have been caused in consequence. In London housewives are obtaining water from street mains. "Thousands of frozen pipes are bursting and causing damage." Ice is forming on the upper reaches of the Thames, and 38 degrees of frost have been registered in Hertfordshire. Skating is being indulged in all over the country, mining valleys are snowed-up, motor-cars are embedded in snow drifts and two trains are marooned. The beach at Brighton is covered with ice—an unprecedented sight.

ICE ON BRIGHTON COAST

London, Yesterday. Severe frost continued to-day in the British Isles, the thermometer readings being even lower than yesterday. The coldest place appears to be Ross-on-Wye, in Hertfordshire, where the thermometer showed a ground temperature of 6 degrees below zero (Fahrenheit) or 38 degrees of frost.

Ice has begun to form on the Thames in the higher reaches. Other rivers are also becoming frozen, while canals, lakes and ponds are generally icebound. Householders are finding their chief discomfort is in the freezing of water pipes. This was the subject of general complaint to-day.

All over London the Metropolitan Water Board are fixing standpipes in the streets and housewives come with buckets and kettles and obtain water from the main. Thousands of frozen pipes are bursting and causing damage.—British Wireless Service.

Snow, Ice and Boiler Explosions. Skating is general throughout Britain to-day—the only compensation for the severe frost which intensified this afternoon.

The lowest temperature was at Ross-on-Wye, 6 degrees below zero. More deaths, due to the cold are reported to-day while many were injured in domestic boiler explosions.

The roads in South Wales are impassable and mining valleys snowed up.

A hundred motor cars are embedded in snow drifts round Stranraer, where two marooned trains had to be dug out.

The beach at Brighton is covered with ice, which is unprecedented.

Throughout Europe. Stories of winter hardships continue to arrive from throughout Europe.

A message from Vienna states that the bitter cold is causing intense suffering among the poor, especially among the 200,000 unemployed. The Government is taking active relief measures and military field kitchens are dispensing free meals twice daily. Bakers have opened free bread kitchens in the city and the authorities have increased the distribution of free coal and wood and are establishing more shelters for the homeless.

Many country schools have been closed. Burst pipes have seriously affected the water and gas supplies.

A Rome telegram says that heavy snowstorms are holding up the train and motor bus service.

Three avalanches near Farblano in the Province of Ancona, buried the railway to a depth of 21 feet.

A telegram from Wiesbaden says that a French inspecting officer at Landau, found a sentry frozen to death.

A score of deaths have occurred in West Germany from cold.

The sentries in the British army on the Rhine have been issued pull overs and sheepskin coats.

News from Budapest says that a heavy snowfall is dislocating traffic and that coal and food supplies are short.

Wolves have entered the outskirts of the towns of Transylvania and devoured cattle.

The River Scheldt. A telegram from Antwerp says that the Scheldt is thick with floating ice, and that numerous buoys have been carried away. The Dutch shipping authorities have removed the illuminated buoys in their territory and navigation is suspended at night.

Acute Distress

Reports of the acute distress caused by the Arctic wave come from everywhere in Europe. There have been fifty deaths from cold in the Balkans and 37 from Germany while France is now frost bound.

The inner harbour at Dieppe is frozen and there are seven inches of snow in the Riviera. Even the Rapid Rhone and the Lagoons at Venice have been freezing.

The mortuaries in Prague are crowded with bodies, and graves have been made by using dynamite.

The hospitals in Poland and the Baltic States are over-crowded with frostbite cases.

The Finnish Government has agreed to request the Danish and Swedish Governments to send an ice breaker to open the channel to the North Sea, though the absence of one icebreaker may mean the temporary sealing up of Helsingfors.

Calls for help have been received from Leningrad and from a hundred ships ice bound in the Baltic.

Soviet ice breakers are departing upon a relief expedition.

Ireland Warmer. London, Later. A curious fact is that Ireland and Spitzbergen are at present warmer than London. Many rivers in England are frozen, even the upper Thames. Ice-breakers are being employed on the river at Oxford. Many sporting fixtures have been abandoned owing to the frost.

Frozen To Death. Belgrade, Yesterday. Many deaths from cold have occurred in Yugoslavia. A gipsy family of five were frozen to death in the woods. Zagreb is isolated, all the railways being blocked by the snow. The Belgrade express is embedded in a snow-drift, and food supplies are becoming short.—Reuter.

Earlier News. London, Yesterday. There is an Arctic bleakness everywhere in Britain to-day, and still colder weather is predicted. Railway and road traffic in Britain as on the Continent, has been seriously delayed, and a number of deaths from cold have occurred.

The Trocadero Restaurant in the West End of London was damaged by fire early this morning. The intense frost froze the water from the hoses and icicles hung from the burning building, while pavements and roadways were converted into a skating rink.

Coldest For 20 Years. Tuesday was the coldest day since 1908 in London and it is over forty years since such cold has been experienced in February. Last night the minimum temperature in London was 21 deg. Fahrenheit, but much lower readings were registered in the suburbs and in the provinces, while in Scotland and Wales the cold was again intense. The bitter east wind has however moderated.

Snow In Scotland. Heavy snowfalls in Scotland and Wales have greatly hampered communications. The London to Glasgow express was delayed owing to the freezing of the water in the railway troughs, and on arrival the coaches had to be broken through before they could be separated. Two trains which were caught in a snowdrift near Stranraer were

(Continued on Page 14.)

AT BOGNOR

GOOD REPORTS STILL COMING TO HAND.

READING THE NEWSPAPERS

London, Yesterday.

It is officially announced at Craigwell House, Bognor, that the King has had a good day and that His Majesty's condition continues satisfactory.

Dr. Howitt and Dr. Woods, who applied the ray therapy treatment to His Majesty at Buckingham Palace, visited Craigwell this afternoon and again administered treatment.

It is learned that the Queen hopes to go to London next week to visit the British Industries Fair.—British Wireless Service.

"A Good Night" London, Yesterday.

It is officially stated at Craigwell House that the King passed a good night. Reuter understands that His Majesty's progress is such that he is now able occasionally to read the newspapers. His Majesty is on an ordinary diet and takes plenty of nourishment.—Reuter.

MR. MATSUDAIRA

JAPANESE AMBASSADOR TO LONDON

PRINCE'S FATHER-IN-LAW



London, Yesterday.

The new Japanese Ambassador to London, Mr. Tsuneo Matsudaira, who is father-in-law of Prince Chichibu (younger brother of H.I.M. the Emperor of Japan) has arrived in London.—Reuter.

Mr. Matsudaira was formerly Ambassador at Washington. His daughter was married to Prince Chichibu recently amidst much pomp.

AIRMAN RESCUED

SAFELY BROUGHT TO PESHAWAR

HOPES FOR COMRADE

New Delhi, Yesterday.

Flight-Lieut. Davis, one of the members of the Royal Air Force stranded in Afghanistan, has been brought to Peshawar by air by Flight-Lieut. Hancock, whose aeroplane accommodates only two persons. Flight-Lieut. Chapman will be fetched shortly.—Reuter.

REPARATIONS

COMMITTEE OF EXPERTS HOLD TWO HOURS' SESSION

London, Yesterday.

The Committee of Experts on reparations sat for two hours this morning in Paris.

An official communique issued at the conclusion of the session stated that in response to the committee's request Dr. Schacht and his colleagues of the German delegation submitted observations upon certain points regarding Germany's economic situation, as set forth in recent reports of the Agent-General for reparations.—British Wireless Service.

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The trial began at Bombay recently of Sundarrao Govindrao Banaji, a former official of the Bank of Bombay (now Imperial Bank of India), for alleged frauds amounting to more than \$27,500.

HOLDER OF CHEFOO TO FIGHT

MORE DESERTIONS

STRONG LINE OF TRENCHES FIVE MILES AWAY

DANGER TO FOREIGNERS?

In spite of more of his troops going over to the rebels, General Liu Chen-nien is determined to defend Chefoo. His action portends hostilities in close proximity to a Treaty port where there is a large number of foreign residents.

Chefoo, Yesterday. The 3rd division has hoisted the white flag and joined up with the rebellious 4th division. The rebels are now at Pehma, about 10 miles south-west of Hwanghsien (the American residents of which have been told to withdraw).

The loyal portion of the 2nd division, at Tengchow, has moved to Fushan. General Liu Chen-nien is preparing an outpost line some 10 miles east of Tengchow, also a strong line of trenches, barbed wire

MISHAP TO THE "MOTH"

Strikes The Webster Rocks

A Naval wireless message received this afternoon reports that His Majesty's gunboat "Moth" is reported to have struck the Webster Rocks, about 18 miles below Wuchow, on Tuesday.

His Majesty's "Taranula" and "Moorhen" have been sent to stand by the "Moth."

No further news of the mishap was available at the time of going to press.

and field guns from the beach about five miles west of Chefoo to the surrounding hills.—British Naval Wireless.

Looting Feared

Chefoo, Yesterday. General Liu Chen-nien has decided to put up a fight against the insurgents of eastern Shantung, who are led by Shih Shu-chun, a former brigade commander under Chang Tsung-chang.

If plans mature, fighting is expected in the vicinity of Chefoo during the next few days.

Looting is feared and local merchants are panic-stricken.

Liu Chen-nien is reported to have requested Chang Tsung-chang to mediate, but the latter has refused, and it is believed he is behind the present movement against Liu Chen-nien.—Reuter.

REV. DR. BURROWS

DEATH OF THE BISHOP OF CHICHESTER

London, Yesterday.

The death is announced of the Rt. Reverend Winfrid Oldfield Burrows, D.D. Bishop of Chichester since 1919. Educated at Eton, Corpus Christi and Christ Church, Oxford, he had a fine scholastic record. Soon after taking his degree he was appointed a tutor of Christ Church, a post which he held until 1891, when he was made Principal of the Leeds Clergy School.

From 1904 until 1910 he was Archdeacon of Birmingham, after which he became Bishop of Truro, moving in 1913 to Chichester. He was 71 at the time of his death.—Reuter.

UNLUCKY CHINESE

INVESTIGATOR BEATEN BY ROBBERS

Philadelphia, Yesterday.

Mr. Yai Lo, who is at present studying stock exchange methods here on behalf of the Chinese Government, has been severely beaten by robbers, and has been taken to hospital. Fifty-five stitches had to be put in his head.—Reuter's American Service.

London, Yesterday.—The death is announced of Captain C. T. Foxcroft, the Conservative member for Bath. This creates another by-election, but it is noteworthy that Bath is a strong Conservative seat.—British Wireless Service.

TO-DAY'S DOLLAR

The closing rate of the dollar on demand to-day was 1/11 15/16.

VATICAN STATE

QUESTIONS ASKED IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS

MEMBERSHIP OF LEAGUE

London, Yesterday.

Replying to questions in the House of Commons, Sir Austen Chamberlain, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs said he had no official information that the new Vatican state intended to apply for membership of the League of Nations.

It would be quite premature to state the attitude of the British Government to an event which was so absolutely hypothetical. He did not think he could pledge the government not to take such action as it thought proper as a member of the League.

Sir A. Chamberlain, asked if it had not been made clear that the Pope was not seeking any association with the League, replied that he understood this was so. Sir A. Chamberlain added that he was unable to say whether the treaty between the Pope and the King of Italy would necessitate any changes in the diplomatic relations between this country and the Vatican.—British Wireless Service.

Constantinople, Yesterday. Leon Trotsky, accompanied by his wife and two daughters, using the pseudonym of Selbroff, arrived here on a specially chartered steamer. He has been taken under the escort of three Russian agents to the Soviet Consulate where he is practically a prisoner and unable to communicate with anyone outside.—Reuter.

An earlier cable stated that the Constantinople officials are silent, but it was credibly believed that Trotsky, under an assumed name, had arrived from Odessa the night before and that he would remain on the ship until arrangements were made for him to go to Angora, the capital of Turkey.

TROTSKY DETAINED

IN RUSSIAN CONSULATE AT CONSTANTINOPLE

USING AN ASSUMED NAME

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NEW SALVATION ARMY GENERAL

COM. HIGGINS

HIGH COUNCIL ADJUDICATE BOOTH UNFIT

A MINORITY VOTE

London, Yesterday.

The Salvation Army High Council, by 52 to 15, adjudicated General Booth unfit to command the Army.

Commissioner Higgins has been elected as successor to General Booth.

The Vote

The vote deposing General Booth was taken by secret ballot. The result showed that four Commissioners, who had previously supported General Booth, abstained from voting.

Mrs. Booth and her daughter sat apparently unmoved.

Commissioner Higgins was elected by 42 vote to 17, the minority being votes for Evangeline Booth.

Wildly Cheered

Mrs. Bramwell Booth and Mrs. Booth Hellberg were not present at



(Above) Bramwell Booth, to whom a successor as General of the Salvation Army has been appointed by the High Council. (Below) Commander Evangeline Booth, who received a "minority" vote. She is head of the Salvation Army in America, an official of which pledged full support for the new regime.

the election of Commissioner Higgins, the announcement of which was wildly cheered by the Council.

Commissioner Higgins with a tremor in his voice, humbly thanked the Council for electing him to a "position of high trust."

To Reuter Commissioner Higgins said the Army would follow the banner unfurled by its founder with increased life and spirit. He hoped there would not be any further legal difficulties, but if the deed of 1904 were attacked, he must defend it.

Support For The New General. The American delegation official declared that the Salvation Army in America would rally loyally to the side of the new General.

K.C.'s Impassioned Speech. Mr. W. A. Jowitt, K.C., made an impassioned speech, in addressing the High Council on behalf of General Booth.

The witnesses, including eminent physicians, testified that General Booth would be physically fit fully to command the army in a month or two.

It is learned that General Booth offered to leave the choice of his successor to the Council provided he retained the command in slightly modified form.

Letter From General Booth. Mr. Jowitt read a letter from General Booth to the High Council declaring that the Army was faced with the gravest dangers, and urging that all should work together. He asked for an opportunity to reshape the deed of 1904, pleading for time to recover his health and promising to retire if the improvement in his health did not meet with the demands of the work.—Reuter.

SUED FOR A BONUS

THIRD ENGINEER AND THE CAPTAIN

CHARTER OF "SEISTAN"

His Honour the Puisne Judge (Mr. Justice Wood) reserved judgment in the Summary Court this morning after hearing a claim for \$75 by Mr. A. Demee against Captain A. C. Inglis of the s.s. "Seistan," master mariner, c/o Messrs. H. M. H. Nemaze, Prince's building. Mr. Demee alleged that the sum was due to him as bonus from Aug. 4 to Oct. 17, 1928, at \$30 per month, during which period he served as 3rd engineer on the ship.

Mr. H. C. Macnamara appeared for plaintiff and Mr. G. S. Hughes Jones for defendant, whose evidence had been taken de bene esse.

It was admitted that Captain Inglis received \$300 from the charterers and that he had paid out a part of same to the chief engineer and other officers.

His Lordship observed that Captain Inglis made two statements, the final one being that the distribution of the money was in his discretion and that if he had been satisfied with the plaintiff, he would have paid him.

Mr. Macnamara declared: "I say it is a most improper thing to accept the report of a sub-officer (the 2nd engineer) against the plaintiff and then to go and pay over that money to that same sub-officer, coupled with an obligation to pay little."

Not on Speaking Terms. Cross-examined by Mr. Hughes Jones, plaintiff said it was the custom on the China Coast for charterers to give a bonus to the master to be distributed among deck and engine room officers. He understood that the captain received \$180, chief officer \$80, second officer \$30, chief engineer \$80, the remainder getting smaller sums.

Mr. Hughes Jones put it to witness that the chief engineer got \$35, the second \$20, the third \$15 and the fourth \$10, making \$80 altogether. Plaintiff replied that he was entitled to \$30.

Mr. Demee stated that the Captain and chief engineer were not on speaking

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MISCELLANEOUS.

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PUBLIC AUCTION.**PUBLIC AUCTION.**

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on MONDAY, the 18th day of February, 1929, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of one Lot of Crown Land near Prince Edward Road, Kowloon, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Lots	Boundary Measurements	Area	Annual Rental	Annual Rental
Lot	ft.	ft.	ft.	ft.
1	100	100	100	100
2	100	100	100	100
3	100	100	100	100
4	100	100	100	100
5	100	100	100	100
6	100	100	100	100
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8	100	100	100	100
9	100	100	100	100
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**SPORTING
GUNS AND
ACCESSORIES.**

GUNS.—Greener, Webley & Scotts, B.S.A., J. W. Neodman & Balch, Freres — Air Rifles — Revolvers — S. & W. Rifle Accessories — Ammunition — Cartridges — to suit all bore.

THE HONG KONG SPORTING ARMS AND AMMUNITION STORE
10, Des Voeux Road

NOTICES.**HONG KONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the Shareholders in this Corporation will be held at City Hall, Hong Kong, on SATURDAY, the 23rd February, 1929, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Court of Directors together with a Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1928.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the Corporation will be CLOSED from Monday, the 11th February to SATURDAY, the 23rd February, 1929, (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Court of Directors,
A. C. HYNES,
Chief Manager.

Hong Kong, 4th Feb., 1929.

THE HONG KONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the EXTRAORDINARY MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation held on SATURDAY, the 2nd day of February, 1929, at 12 o'clock noon at the City Hall, Victoria, in the Colony of Hong Kong, the following resolution was passed, viz:—

That the Directors of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation be and they are hereby requested and authorised by and on behalf of the shareholders of the Corporation to take all such steps as may be necessary for the introduction of an Ordinance into the Legislative Council of the Colony of Hong Kong and for the enactment of the same by the Governor of Hong Kong with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, in the terms of a print which, for the purposes of identification, has been signed by the Chief Manager of the Corporation, in substitution for the existing Ordinances (except as in such print is mentioned) and Deed of Settlement of the Corporation.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that a further extraordinary meeting of the shareholders of the Corporation will be held on SATURDAY, the 23rd day of February, 1929, at 12.45 in the afternoon at the same place for the purpose of receiving a report of the above mentioned meeting and of considering, and if thought fit, confirming the above resolution in accordance with Article 96 of the Corporation's Deed of Settlement.

Dated this 8th day of February, 1929.

By Order of the Directors,
A. C. HYNES,
Chief Manager.

Note:—A copy of the proposed New Ordinance can be seen during the usual banking hours (Sundays, Public and Bank Holidays excepted) in Hong Kong at the Head Office of the Corporation or at the offices of Messrs. Johnson Stokes & Master, Prince's Buildings, Solicitors to the said Corporation, and in Shanghai at the Office of the Corporation, from the date hereof until the date of the above mentioned confirmatory meeting.

HONG KONG TRAMWAYS, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of HONG KONG TRAMWAYS, LIMITED will be held at the offices of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., Hong Kong, on FRIDAY, the 1st day of March, 1929, at 12 o'clock noon to transact the ordinary business of the Company.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that the REGISTER OF MEMBERS of the Company will be CLOSED from FRIDAY, 16th FEBRUARY to FRIDAY, 1st MARCH, 1929, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
W. F. SIMMONS,
Secretary.

Hong Kong, 7th Feb., 1929.

BEST COAL & CHEAPEST PRICE**KWONG HANG & CO.**

Tel. C. 2788.
43, Des Voeux Road Central.
Government and Admiralty Coal Contractors.
HOUSE COAL.
Peak at \$22.00 per ton.
Upper Level at \$22.00
Middle Level at \$21.00
Central Office at \$20.00
Kowloon at \$17.00
The above prices include delivery charges to destination.

NOTICES.**THE "STAR" FERRY COMPANY, LIMITED.****NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-FIRST ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING OF THIS COMPANY will be held at the Office of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., on FRIDAY, the 15th February, 1929, at 12.30 p.m. for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1928.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from THURSDAY, the 7th February, 1929, to FRIDAY, the 15th February, 1929, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
F. H. CRAPNELL,
Secretary.

Hong Kong, 1st Feb., 1929.

NOTICE.**CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN & MORTGAGE CO., LTD.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-SECOND ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING of Shareholders in the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 6th floor, Pedder Building, Pedder Street, Hong Kong, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1929, at 12.15 p.m. for the purpose of receiving a Statement of Accounts and the Report of the Directors for the year ended December 31st, 1928, and to elect two Directors and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 11th day of February, 1929, until WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of February, 1929, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
D. L. KING,
Secretary.

Hong Kong, Feb. 5th, 1929.

HONG KONG TELEPHONE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FOURTH ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of Hong Kong Telephone Company, Limited, will be held on FRIDAY, the 22nd day of February, 1929, at the Board Room of the Company, Second Floor, Exchange Building, Hong Kong, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of receiving a Statement of Accounts and the Report of the Board of Directors for the financial year ended 31st December, 1928, and re-electing two Directors and the Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 16th February to the 22nd February, 1929, both days inclusive.

Dated this 30th day of January, 1929.

By Order of the Board,
T. A. BARRY,
Acting Secretary.

14, Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong.

THE DAIRY FARM ICE & COLD STORAGE COMPANY, LIMITED.**NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-THIRD ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held at the Company's Town Office, 2, Lower Albert Road, on THURSDAY, 28th FEBRUARY, 1929, at NOON, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with a Statement of Accounts, declaring a Dividend and re-electing Directors and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 21st to the 28th February, 1929, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
M. MANUK,
Secretary.

Hong Kong, 18th Feb., 1929.

"CHINA" LADIES' HAIR-DRESSING SALOON.

Head Office:—25, Des Voeux Road Central. Tel. C. 2234.
First Branch:—No. 6, D'Aguiar Street. (Opp. Ladies' Club). Telephone No. C. 2234.
Second Branch:—No. 12, Queen's Road Central. (Opp. Ladies' Club). Telephone No. C. 2234.
Your visit is cordially welcomed when you will see that our First and Second Branches are open every afternoon.
Business Hours:—10 a.m. to 7 p.m. on weekdays. 12 noon to 6 p.m. on Sundays.
The above prices include delivery charges to destination.

THE STORY OF QUININE**HISTORY AND LORE OF CINCHONA**

[By C. J. S. Thompson, M.B.E.]

"This medicine, the most precious of all those known in the Art of Healing, is one of the greatest conquests made by man over the vegetable kingdom." These words were written of cinchona by Laubert over a century ago, and his judgment on this invaluable drug is fully borne out to-day. The mass of material dealing with the history of cinchona is so great that it is possible to give only a brief outline of it within the limits of a paper. For this purpose, therefore, it will be well to consider it from three aspects in its development during the past three hundred years—namely, the traditional, the empirical, and the chemical.

Although much has been written concerning the early history of the drug, our knowledge of the precise date when its remedial properties were first discovered, and of the manner of that discovery, is largely traditional, and is still enveloped in mystery. A picturesque story is related by Geoffroy of an Indian who, having lost himself in the dense forests of Peru, became stricken with fever, and at length collapsed from exhaustion beside a little lake. He drank eagerly of the water, into which a cinchona tree had fallen, and awoke, after a troubled sleep, to find that the fever had left him. There is, however, no foundation for this legend, which was not recorded until late in the eighteenth century. The same may be said of the tradition related by La Condamine in 1733, that the febrile properties of the bark were discovered by the natives through watching the pumas chew it in order to cure their fevers. As a matter of fact, the aborigines of South America, with the exception perhaps of the tribes in the neighbourhood of Loxa, appear to have been quite ignorant of its medicinal virtues. Markham observes that it is also significant that the medicine bags or wallets carried by the native itinerant doctors, whose materia medica had been handed down from the time of the Incas, never contained cinchona bark.

Although Peru was discovered in 1513, and had submitted to the Spanish by 1550, no mention has been found of the bark earlier than the beginning of the seventeenth century. Joseph de Jausieu, who visited Loxa in 1739, believed that the first knowledge of the properties of cinchona was derived by the Indians of Malacotas, some leagues south of Loxa, a town founded by the Spaniards in 1546. He states that the use of the drug was first made known to a Jesuit missionary who, when suffering from an attack of intermittent fever, was cured by the bark, which was administered to him by an Indian chief at Malacotas in 1600, and La Condamine claims to have discovered a manuscript in the library of a convent at Loxa in which it is stated that the Europeans of the province used cinchona about the same time. A similar story is related of Don Lopez de Canizares, the Spanish Corregidor of Loxa, who is said to have been cured of fever by taking the bark in 1630. The fact, however, that its local name was "quina-quina," which means bark of barks, seems to indicate that some special value was attached to it.

It is somewhat remarkable that, although the Indians of Peru strongly adhere to their traditional customs, they made no use of cinchona medicinally, and even in more recent times actually had a prejudice against it in many cases. Poeppig, writing in 1830, says that the people of Huancayo, who frequently suffer from tertian agues, have a strong repugnance to its use, while Humboldt declares that at Loxa the natives would rather die than have recourse to what they consider so dangerous a remedy. Spruce makes a similar observation with regard to the people of Ecuador and Colombia, and says it was difficult to make the natives believe that their red bark could be required for any purpose other than for dyeing cloth.

The first authenticated record of the therapeutic value of cinchona is in the year 1638, when the wife of Don Luis Garzonino Fernandez de Cabrera, Bobadilla y Mendoza, fourth Count of Chinchon and Viceroy of Peru, was stricken with intermittent fever in the palace of Lima. This lady's maiden name was Ana de Osorio, and she was the daughter of a noble family whose founder was created Marquis of Astorga by Henry IV. King of Castile. At the age of 18 she was espoused to Don Luis de Velasco, a grandson of the first Marquis of Salinas, who died within four years of their marriage.

The young widow, who was a woman of great beauty, became lady-in-waiting to Queen Margaret, wife of Philip III, and while at court she married for the second time. Her new husband was the Count of Chinchon, who was Lord of the Castle of Chinchon near Madrid, and of eighteen towns in the kingdom of Toledo. The count was appointed Viceroy of Peru in 1628, and with his Countess made solemn entry into Lima on January 14, 1629. When the news that the countess was suffering from fever reached Don Francisco Lopez de Canizares, the Corregidor of Loxa (who had himself been cured of an attack by means of the drug), he at once dispatched a packet of the powdered bark to Dr. Juan de Vega, physician to the countess, assuring him of its efficacy in the treatment of "tertiana." De Vega decided to give it to his patient, with the result that the countess made a rapid and complete recovery.

According to a manuscript by Hipolito Ruiz, the particular species from which the bark administered to the countess was taken was that known to the bark collectors of the time as "Cascarilla de Chahuarguana," which abounds in cinchonidine. Howard points out the interesting fact that it was therefore to this particular alkaloid that the countess owed her cure. After her recovery the countess became an enthusiastic advocate of the remedy, and caused quantities of the bark to be collected, which she not only administered to her dependants, but distributed to those suffering from fever. Thus it came to be called the "countess's powder."

Hanbury declares that the bark was certainly known in Spain in 1639, a year before the countess returned to Europe, as on that date it was administered for the first time to a priest at Alcalá de Henares near Madrid. The countess came back to Spain in the spring of 1640, and brought with her a quantity of the bark, with the intention of distributing it among those suffering from fever on her husband's estate, where tertian fever was very common. When Dr. Juan de Vega followed her, shortly afterwards, he brought with him a further supply, which it is said he sold at Seville for 100 reales a pound.

Little more is known of the bark until 1653, when Chifflet, physician to the Archduke Leopold of Austria and Governor of the Low Countries, wrote a report on the drug and its introduction into Europe. He says: "Among the wonders of the day many reckon the tree growing in the Kingdom of Peru called Lignum Februm, whose virtues chiefly reside in the bark, which is known as China Febris. During the last few years it has been imported into Spain, and thence sent to the Jesuit, Cardinal Joannes de Lugo at Rome."

In 1652 Chifflet's master, the Archduke, had been taken ill with fever and was treated with the bark, but although he recovered from two attacks he refused to take it in a subsequent one, to which he succumbed. The physicians of the time were divided in their opinions as to its value. Considerable controversy arose, and although it was admitted by many that it palliated the fever they insisted that it "fixed the humour," thus causing a relapse or some other dangerous disease.

Roland Sturm, a doctor of Louvain, who wrote a treatise on the new febrifuge in 1659, states that it was known in Brussels and Antwerp at that time as "pulvis Jesuiticus," because the Jesuit fathers used to administer it. They charged the rich the price of its weight in gold, but gave it to the poor who suffered from quartan fever. It was more commonly known as "pulvis Peruanus" or "Peruvianum febrifugum." The fathers in Peru sent considerable supplies of the bark to Rome, and the methods of using it were explained to a congress of Jesuits assembled in that city. It was afterwards distributed to members of the community by Cardinal de Lugo, the Procurator

DODWELL & COMPANY, LTD.

FOR NEW YORK AND BOSTON via SUEZ.

LLOYD TRIESTINO

REGULAR MONTHLY PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE
FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIFITE (FUME).
TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING TO
GENOA, ALL ITALIAN, ADRIATIC, LEVANT, BLACK
SEA AND DANUBE PORTS.
REDUCED PASSAGE RATES.

BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE \$72.10.0
LONDON \$80.0.0.

NEXT SAILINGS.

OUTWARDS FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE & MOJI.
From Hong Kong.

S.S. "PIAVE" Sails on/or about 19th February.
M.V. "VIMINALE" Sails on/or about 28th February.
S.S. "DUCHESSE D'AOSTA" Sails on/or about 10th March.
M.V. "ESQUILINO" Sails on/or about 28th March.

HOMEWARDS FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE.
From Hong Kong.

S.S. "VENEZIA" Sails on/or about 19th February.
S.S. "TIMAVO" Sails on/or about 28th February.
M.V. "REMO" Sails on/or about 5th March.
S.S. "PIAVE" Sails on/or about 23rd March.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS

FROM CALCUTTA & COLOMBO TO
SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

S.S. "UMVOLOSI" Sails from Calcutta 5th March.
S.S. "UMZUMBI" Sails from Calcutta 2nd May.
Regular Passenger and Cargo Service to South African Ports.
Through Bills of Lading issued from Hong Kong.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines apply to—
DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.
Telephone Central 1030.

N.Y.K. LINE

THROUGH BOOKING TO EUROPE AT REDUCED RATES.
£120, £112, £110, £102, £83, via San Francisco.
G\$440, G\$420, via Japan and Seattle.

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu.
SHINYO MARU Wednesday, 20th February.
SIBERIA MARU Wednesday, 6th March.

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM via
Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez.
SUWA MARU Saturday, 23rd February.
FUSHIMI MARU Saturday, 9th March.
HAKOZAKI MARU Saturday, 23rd March.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.
KAGA MARU Wednesday, 20th February.
TANGO MARU Wednesday, 20th March.

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang, & Colombo.
SEIYO MARU Tuesday, 26th February.
AKITA MARU Tuesday, 5th March.

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles,
Mexico & Panama.
BOKUYO MARU Saturday, 9th March.

SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape Town & Ports.
KAWACHI MARU Monday, 4th March.

NEW YORK via PANAMA.
CALCUTTA MARU Tuesday, 19th February.

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Geneva, Marseilles.
DELAGOA MARU Wednesday, 20th February.

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.
NAGANO MARU Friday, 15th February.
PENANG MARU Saturday, 2nd March.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
SADO MARU (Nagasaki direct) Friday, 15th February.
KANAGAWA MARU (Moji direct) Sunday, 17th February.
HAKUSAN MARU Monday, 18th February.
NAGATO MARU Sunday, 24th February.

Reduced 1st Class Excursion Rates quoted between Manila and Australia.
For further information apply to—NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Tel. Central No. 292 (Private exchange to all departments.)

O. S. K.

SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON, HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM & ANTWERP—Via Singapore
Colombo, Suez and Port Said.
AMAZON MARU Sunday, 10th March.

RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS & BUENOS AIRES—Via Saigon, Singapore,
Colombo, Durban & Cape Town.
HAWAII MARU Tuesday, 19th March.

BOMBAY—Via Singapore & Colombo.
SUMATRA MARU Tuesday, 19th February.
SHINNOH MARU (Call at Penang and Karachi) Wednesday, 6th March.

DURBAN, LOURENCO MARQUES, BEIRA, DAR-ES-SALAAM, ZANZIBAR
& MOMBASA—Via Singapore & Colombo.
PANAMA MARU Thursday, 28th February.

CALCUTTA—Via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.
KASADO MARU Tuesday, 19th February.

GANGES MARU Monday, 4th March.

VICTORIA, SEATTLE, TACOMA & VANCOUVER—Via Japan Ports.
LONDON MARU Friday, 15th February.

MELBOURNE—Via Manila, Brisbane & Sydney.
MADRAS MARU Friday, 8th March.

BANKOKK—Via Saigon.
HAIPHONG—Via Hanoi & Peking.
NEW YORK—Via Japan ports, San Francisco & Panama.

JAPAN PORTS.
BATAVIA MARU Monday, 25th February.
KEELUNG—Via SWATOW & AMOY.
CANTON MARU Sunday, 17th February Noon.

HOZAN MARU Sunday, 24th February Noon.
TAKAO—Via SWATOW & AMOY.
DEBI MARU Thursday, 21st Feb. 10 a.m.

TAKAO & KEELUNG
BATAVIA MARU Monday, 25th February.
For further particulars please apply to—OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
Tel. Central No. 488, 489, 490. M. TAKEUCHI, Manager.



SHIPPING SECTION.

TROOPING SEASON

"SOMERSETSHIRE" NOW AT SINGAPORE

H.M.'s transport "Somersetshire" and "Dorsetshire," the former conveying the 2nd Batt. the Wiltshire Regt. to Shanghai, both arrived at Singapore yesterday, Singapore, yesterday.

The troopship "Somersetshire," bound for China, was forced to return when 700 miles from Singapore, owing to a broken crankshaft. The "Dorsetshire," also bound for China, has been recalled. Troops on the "Somersetshire" are being transferred to the "Dorsetshire."

It is expected that the "Somersetshire" will be out of commission for five weeks while she is being overhauled.—Reuter.

CUNARD LINE

AMERICAN CRITICISM OF BOARD'S ACTION

New York.—Mr. Blake, associate director of the Cunard Line, has written to Mr. O'Connor, chairman of the United States Shipping Board, stating that the Board's action in assigning the liner "President Roosevelt" to the Ward Line (between New York and Havana) for competition against the Cunard Line is forbidden by the United States Shipping Law of 1910.

The "President Roosevelt" begins her trips to Havana in about a week's time, and is advertised to sail thereafter on the same days as the Cunard "Caronia."

The allocation to the Ward Line of the "President Roosevelt," Mr. Blake says, is "an attempt to restrict foreign steamship companies from freely trading between the two countries. There have been, and are, laws restricting other countries from competing in coastwise trade, but never before have there been restrictions against international trade."

"A Fighting Ship"
Mr. Blake proceeds to remind Mr. O'Connor that in a telephone conversation Mr. O'Connor referred to the "President Roosevelt" as "a fighting ship," an expression applicable to any vessel put into a particular trade by a carrier for the purpose of excluding, preventing, or reducing competition by driving another carrier out of the trade. Such employment of a ship, he continues, is prohibited in the United States Shipping Law under a penalty of \$25,000 dollars.

The letter concludes:—"Our proper recourse in such circumstances as now confronts us would naturally be to refer the matter to your Board, but as the ship involved is actually the Board's vessel, and is put into the trade on the terms described above by the Board, we may find it necessary, if we are damaged to any appreciable extent, to appeal to the Courts for relief."

The Cunard Line recently decided to assign the "Caronia" to the New York-Havana service. This was resented in America, and the Shipping Board itself retaliated by assigning the "President Roosevelt," said to be a faster boat, to the same service. Moreover, the Ward Line, which operates the route, announced a reduction in passenger rates in respect of all its six vessels and the "President Roosevelt."

Meanwhile, the Ward Line authorities are threatening to carry the issue to Congress, and express the hope that Mr. White, chairman of the House of Representatives Merchant Marine Committee, will introduce legislation extending the present restrictions on the coastal carrying trade so as to exclude the "Caronia" from carrying on a passenger service to Cuba.

CUNARD TRIPPERS

203,209 CROSS ATLANTIC IN 1928

For the fifth year in succession, more passengers crossed the North Atlantic in Cunard ships in 1928 than by any other steamship line, or combination of lines. The total number carried was 203,209. The Cunard Big Three, the "Aquitania," the "Berengaria," and the "Mauretania," have now for five years in succession carried more first-class passengers than any three steamships of any other line. The total number carried last year was 35,374.

The Cunard total tonnage now is ninety times what it was in 1840—407,859 as against 4,518. There were 862 sailings in regular Atlantic service in 1928. This represents over a million miles steamed by Cunard ships in the twelve months.

GERMAN YARDS

A DEPRESSING OUTLOOK REPORTED

Not a very encouraging picture of the situation of the German shipbuilding industry is presented by the report of the Deutsche Werke Kiel Aktien-Gesellschaft for the business year ended September 30 last. The profit and loss account, after the allocation of 1,088,528 reichsmarks to depreciation, there remains a net profit of 34,902 reichsmarks, out of which 6 per cent. is placed to the statutory reserve fund, the balance being carried forward to new account.

In their report the directors state that the company entered its fourth business year, which began on September 30 last with sufficient contracts in hand, to ensure adequate employment in practically all departments for a long time ahead. This position, however, had only been secured at the cost of the heaviest sacrifices, because the ship-

THEIR DAYS OVER

H.M.'s armed launches "Nessus," "Faulknor" and "Onslaught" arrived here yesterday from the West River. The announcement of their withdrawal from the anti-piracy patrol on the West River, and delta, now that the Canton Government is undertaking the duty, was made yesterday.

building industry as a whole, with a very few exceptions, could only obtain orders for new tonnage by foregoing any profit and sometimes even with the certainty of incurring a considerable loss.

"When it is remembered," the report continues, "that contracts of this kind frequently involve a building period of 1½ to 2 years and that within such a time both wages and prices have hitherto risen—in the last two years there have been three times increases of wages which, on the basis of the wage paid two years previously, represent a total advance of 21.2 per cent.—it becomes perfectly clear that the German shipbuilding industry is condemned to ruin, unless stable conditions can be established."

"During the year under report we received from Wilh. Wilhelmsen, of Oslo, orders in the first place for two and a few weeks later two more motor cargo ships, of 9,500 tons gross each, sister ships of the "Tarango" and "Talleyrand" previously delivered by us. In spite of our continued efforts we were unable subsequently to obtain any more orders for new tonnage, so that the present relatively good employment at our Kiel works will soon fall off, and we have already made preparations for the dismissals which will gradually become necessary."

For Foreign Account

Towards the end of last August, the report proceeds, the company received an order for the construction of the cruiser "Ersatz Preussen," which enabled them to keep the warship building department in operation, but will hardly make any change in the general situation. The absence of contracts for mercantile shipbuilding for foreign account is explained by the general over-supply of commercial tonnage and by the steadily increasing impossibility on the part of the German shipbuilding industry to compete with abroad. As the Deutsche Werke has hitherto built almost exclusively for foreign account, it feels present conditions very severely.

The deliveries during the year under report included: the motorship "Talleyrand," 9,500 tons d.w., for the Wilh. Wilhelmsen, of Oslo; the motorship "Pacific President," and "Pacific Grove," 10,000 tons d.w. each, both for Messrs. Furness, Withy and Co., Ltd. All of these vessels were fitted with four-phase Diesel motors of the company's own construction, and according to the reports received they have given complete satisfaction to the owners. The amount of repairs which had to be carried out on the Reich warships belonging to the Baltic station rather exceeded that of the previous year. There was also a welcome increase in the repairing business for merchant ships. Although there was a small increase in the production of marine auxiliary machinery, pumps and gears, this was not sufficient to give a profitable employment to the workshops.

The principal items on the balance-sheet are: Assets—Land, buildings, works, 12,166,000 marks; materials, 40,462,820 marks; sundry debtors, 5,533,104 marks; bank deposits and cash, 960,540 marks; mills, receivables and securities, 2,598,898 marks; bill and sundries, 7,744,629 marks. Liabilities—Share capital, 11,000,000 marks; reserve fund, 104,985 marks; sundry creditors, 11,276,384 marks; pay-ments on account, 35,875,074 marks.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMERS

The C.P.S. R.M.S. "Empress of Asia" from Hong Kong on Feb. 23, arrived at Vancouver on Feb. 9.

The Ben Line s.s. "Banvenue" from Leith, Dunkirk, Antwerp, London, Straits and Philippines, is due to arrive here to-day.

The P. & O. s.s. "Kashgar" left Shanghai for this port on Tuesday at 3.30 p.m., and is due here to-morrow at about 6 a.m.

The P. & O. s.s. "Khiva" left Singapore for this port on Monday at 5 p.m. with the outward English Mails, and is due here on Saturday at about 10 a.m.

The Dollar Liner "President Pierce," which left Seattle on January 26, is expected to arrive here to-morrow afternoon. She will sail the following day, Saturday, Feb. 16 for Manila.

The s.s. "Plava" sailed from Karachi on Jan. 23, and is expected here on Feb. 18.

The American Mail Liner "President Madison" leaves on Saturday, Feb. 16 at 4 p.m. She is due back here on Monday, Feb. 18 at 8 a.m. and will sail on Tuesday, Feb. 19 at 6 a.m. for Victoria and Seattle, via Shanghai and Japan.

The C.P.S. R.M.S. "Empress of Russia" left Vancouver for Hong Kong, via Japan ports and Shanghai, on Sunday, and is due here on Feb. 21.

The Ben Line s.s. "Bevanoch" from Middlesbrough, Dunkirk, Straits and Philippines is due to arrive here on Feb. 21.

The Dollar Liner "Ruth Alexander," which is replacing the "President Adams," is scheduled to sail from Kobe to-morrow arriving in Shanghai Feb. 18 and sailing on the 20th. This steamer will arrive at Hong Kong at 7 a.m. on Saturday, Feb. 23 and will continue her trip Round-the-world on Sunday, Feb. 24, at 8 a.m.

The American Mail Liner "President Jackson," which sailed from San Francisco on February 1, left Honolulu on the 7th inst., on schedule, and is due to arrive here, via Japan and Shanghai, on Monday, Feb. 25.

The M.V. "Viminala" sailed from Massawa on Jan. 23, and is expected here on Feb. 28.

The Dollar Liner "President Taft" sailed from Seattle on February 9 and is due to arrive at this port on March 1.

The M.V. "Sumatra" (Swedish East Asiatic Co., Ltd.), left Hamburg on Feb. 2, and is due here on or about March 14.

The M.V. "Formosa" (Swedish East Asiatic Co., Ltd.), left Aalborg on Feb. 5, and is due here on or about March 25.

Projected arrivals at and departures from Hong Kong of steamers under the management of the Bank Line, Ltd., are as follows:—

Arrivals at Hong Kong
S.S. "City of Khartoum" from Europe, February 24.

S.S. "City of Guildford" from New York via Suez, March 2.

S.S. "Roseric" from New York via Panama, March 2.

S.S. "City of Delhi" from Europe, March 17.

S.S. "City of Khios" from New York via Suez, March 25.

Sailings from Hong Kong
S.S. "City of Khartoum" for Shanghai and Japan, February 25.

S.S. "Roseric" for Shanghai and Japan, March 8.

S.S. "City of Delhi" for Shanghai and Japan, March 18.

S.S. "City of Guildford" for New York, Boston and Baltimore, March 20.

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BRITISH WUCHOW LINE

FEBRUARY SAILINGS.

DEPARTURE HOURS:
Hong Kong 5.30 p.m. Wuchow 2.00 p.m.
S.S. "TAI HING"
[1,088 tons—Capt. O. B. Wilks.]

FEBRUARY.

THURS. 14th SUN. 24th
TUES. 19th

S.S. "TAI MING"
[649 tons—Capt. G. J. Spink.]

FEBRUARY.

SUN. 17th WED. 27th
FRI. 22nd

For information apply to—

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UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT ELLERMAN LINE

S.S. "CITY OF PEKIN" London, Rotterdam, Amsterdam & Hamburg 9th March.
S.S. "CITY OF KHARTOUM" London, Rotterdam, Amsterdam & Hamburg 9th April.
S.S. "CITY OF DELHI" London, Rotterdam, Amsterdam & Hamburg 9th May.

NEW YORK, BOSTON, & BALTIMORE AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE

S.S. "CITY OF GUILDFORD" via Suez Canal 22nd March.

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S.S. "ELMBANK" via Suez Canal 27th February.

S.S. "NAIRNBANK" via Suez Canal 2nd April.

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S.S. "TINHOW" 15th April.

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(Under Contract with H.M. Government.)

S. S.	Tons	From Hong Kong About	Destination
KASHGAR	9,005	16th Feb.	Marseilles, London & Hull.
MACEDONIA	11,120	2nd Mar.	Marseilles & London.
KHIVA	9,135	16th Mar.	Marseilles, London & Hull.
*PADUA	5,007	18th Mar.	Marseilles, London, Hull, Antwerp, Rotterdam & Hamburg.
KHIBER	9,114	23rd Mar.	Marseilles, London & Hull.
MALWA	10,580	30th Mar.	Marseilles & London.
*MIRZAPUR	6,715	1st Apr.	Straits, Colombo & Bombay.

*Cargo only.

Frequent connection from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to
Constantinople, Piræus, Smyrna and other Levant Ports by steamers of the
Khedivial Mail Steamship Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS.

TAKADA	6,949	25th Feb.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.
TALAMBA	9,013	10th Mar.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.
TALMA	10,000	18th Mar.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.
SANTHA	7,754	11th Apr.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.
TILAWA	10,000	20th Apr.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.

B.I. Apcar Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st
and 2nd class passengers. All steamers are fitted with wireless and
carry a qualified surgeon.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South).

TANDA	6,956	1st Mar.	Manila, Sandakan, Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney & Melbourne.
ST. ALBANS	4,500	30th Mar.	
ARAFURA	6,000	31st Mar.	
TANDA	6,956	31st May	

Regular monthly sailings from Hong Kong to Japan and Hong Kong
to Australia.

The E. & A. S. S. Co., Ltd., steamers will also call at Shanghai, Hilo,
Cebu, Kolambagan, Tawao, Timor, Darwin, or other ports en route as in-
dicement offers.

Frequent connections from Australia with the following:-

The Union S.S. Company's steamers to the United Kingdom via New
Zealand, Vancouver, San Francisco, etc.
The P. & O. Royal Mail steamers to London via Suez Canal.
The P. & O. Branch Service of steamers to London via the Cape.
The New Zealand Shipping Company's steamers for Southampton and
London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN.

KHIVA	9,135	17th Feb.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
TALMA	10,000	23rd Feb.	Amoy, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
*MIRZAPUR	6,715	24th Feb.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
MALWA	10,580	1st Mar.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
*NAGAPORE	6,223	4th Mar.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
*ST. ALBANS	4,500	5th Mar.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama.
*GAMBADA	5,307	6th Mar.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
KHIBER	9,114	8th Mar.	Shanghai.
SANTHA	7,754	15th Mar.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama & Osaka.
NAIDERA	10,088	15th Mar.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
KARMAIA	9,128	22nd Mar.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
LAHORE	8,252	25th Mar.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
TILAWA	10,000	28th Mar.	Amoy, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
MANTUA	10,046	29th Mar.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
ARAFURA	6,000	9th Apr.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama.

*Cargo only.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.
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Passengers for Rangoon must defray their own Hotel expenses at
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SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG

S.S. "AUTOLYCUS" Via Suez Canal 18th February.

S.S. "CITY OF GUILDFORD" Via Suez Canal 22nd March.

S.S. "LAOMEDON" Via Suez Canal 1st April.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' Option.
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PORT COSTS

OPINIONS AGAINST PROPOSED INCREASE IN COMMITTEE TO REPORT

The view was expressed at the Rates Advisory Committee by Mr. A. C. Hynes, who has had a lifelong connection with shipping, that the Cork Harbour Board could effectively carry on its administration without obtaining powers to increase dues.

Mr. Hynes spoke also as a member of the firm which acted at Cork port as agent for Lloyd's, and was agent for several Consulates. He was, he said, a member of the Harbour Board for a considerable period, and had urged economy, scheme, there, which could, he considered, be carried out by more rigid supervision. The board's application for increased powers to enforce larger dues would be against the best interest of the port. Shipowners had just as much expenses at present as they could economically carry.

He had no doubt that under proper management there should be no difficulty in saving up to £10,000 a year. If the present charges were increased it would be detrimental to the board's interests, while he encouraged the largest possible amount being paid to workmen; as regards pension there should be regard to the financial position of the port. He did not consider the board's pension scheme was applied justly. If he were satisfied that the board required revenue to carry on the port he would consider how they should justly apportion the intended extra dues. With his present revenue the board, however, in his view, could carry on. If the board were a practical business concern he considered that not alone could they reduce the dues on goods but also on tonnage.

Mr. Goodall, public accountant, in a statement in opposition to the board's application, stated that instead of deficiencies there should be a large surplus to enable the board to manage the port efficiently. He considered on the present revenue that there was no necessity for the

EUROPEAN PROPOSED INCREASE IN TONNAGE AND CARGO. In 1927, the total dues received, amounted to £21,482. The new rates would produce an increase of about £28,355, making a total revenue of £49,837.

"An Expensive Port"

Mr. J. C. Rohan, managing director of the shipping company of Messrs. James Scott and Co., stated that the proposed alteration of tonnage dues on ships and on goods would have a most detrimental effect on the port. There was keen competition now amongst vessels as regards freights. Cork had the reputation of being an expensive port. The Chairman considered this statement important, coming as it did from a man in the trade, and he accordingly overruled an objection against it by Mr. Reardon for the Harbour Board.

The opposition to the proposed increases was supported by the Irish-American Oil Co., whose manager at Cork, Mr. Brennan, stated that, comparing the proposed rates at Cork with those at other ports where the company had provided installations, the rate for kerosene at Cork was 2s. 5d. a ton, Dublin 1s. 8d., Sligo 1s. 8d., Limerick 9d., and Foyens, on the Shannon, 9d. For motor spirit the Cork charge of 4s. 9d. compared with Dublin 1s. 8d., Sligo also 1s. 8d., and Foyens 1s. 8d. If the proposed higher rates were put into operation at Cork, the company would consider it more economical to distribute bulk products over a wider area by motor direct from Dublin or Foyens, with consequent loss of revenue to Cork, and also a reduction in the company's staffs at Cork.

Mr. Denning, K.C., who appeared for the City of Cork Steam Packet Co. and the Clyde Shipping Co. and the Continental Deep Sea Companies, stated that they had a vital interest in the prosperity of the port of Cork, and if the port was not successful, the companies were not likely to be successful there either. The definition of a Continental vessel originally was one of not less than 800 tons. Under the new proposals it would be not less than 350 tons. The change excluded all the vessels which were originally in the definition, and the increase on them appeared to be a curious method of developing the business of the port.

Having heard considerable evidence against the Board's proposals, the committee adjourned to consider its report, which in due course will be submitted to the Minister for Commerce at Dublin.

CONSIGNEES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE BEN LINE STEAMERS, LIMITED.

From LEITH, DUNKIRK, ANTWERP, LONDON, STRAITS AND PHILIPPINES.

THE Steamship "BENVENUE"

Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whences and/or from the wharves, delivery may be obtained. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 21st inst. will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Under-Signed on or before the 7th March, 1929, or they will not be recognised.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 20th inst. at 10 a.m. by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.

Hong Kong, 14th Feb. 1929.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE BEN LINE STEAMERS, LIMITED.

From MIDDLESBRO', DUNKIRK, LONDON & STRAITS.

THE Steamship "BENLAVER"

Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whences and/or from the wharves, delivery may be obtained. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 14th inst. will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Under-Signed on or before the 20th inst. or they will not be recognised.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 18th inst. at 10 a.m. by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.

Hong Kong, 14th Feb. 1929.

TO-DAY'S RADIO

BROADCAST BY
Z. B. W.
ON 350 METRES

The following programme will be broadcast to-day from the Government radio station on the Peak, the wave-length being 350 metres. The call sign of the station is Z.B.W.

5.30-6.30 p.m. — Demonstration Programme.

7.45 p.m. — Evening Weather Report.

8 p.m. — Evening Programme (Columbia Records).

"Betty in Mayfair," Vocal Gems, Columbia Vocal Gem Company.

"Speak," Baritone, Thorpe Bates.

"Nocturne in E Flat,"

"Dream of Love,"

"Faust," (Gounod),

Harold Williams and B. B. C. Chorale.

"Scrooge,"

Dramatic Recital By Bransby Williams.

Part 1. Before The Dream.

Part 2. The Dream.

Part 3. The Awakening.

"Meadow's Advice," To David Copperfield.

Bransby Williams.

"Ettie,"

"Passing By," Baritone, Dennis Noble.

"The Birth of The Blues,"

"Because I Love You," Violin Solo, Teddy Bryan.

"Wildflower," Selection, London Theatre Orchestra.

"The Laughing Policeman,"

"Laughter And Lemons," Comedian, Charles Penrose.

"In The Garden,"

"A Song In The Heart," Tenor, William McEwan.

"She Wandered Down The Mountain Side,"

"Silent Night, Holy Night,"

J. H. Squire Celeste Octet.

"The Charlot Show Of 1926,"

Baritone, Dick Francis.

"The Bride,"

"Such A Look," Comedian, George Robey.

"Cavalleria Rusticana,"

Circolo Mandolinistico Giuseppe Verdi of Leghorn.

"Absence,"

"In This Hour Of Softened Splendour,"

The Salisbury Singers.

"Tapping The Time,"

"Nashville Nightingale," Fox Trot, Piccadilly Revels Band.

"Old Friends," Medley Fox Trot, Percival Mackey's Band.

10.10 p.m. — News Bulletin.

"An Epic Symphony,"

St. Hilda Chantry Prize Band.

10.30 p.m. — God Save the King. Close Down.

CENTENARIES

A LARGE CROP FORTH-COMING THIS YEAR

"On April 10 is the centenary of the late General Booth, founder of the Salvation Army," says the "Daily Mail Year Book." "Sir John Everett Millais, R.A., painter of so many notable pictures, including 'The North-West Passage' (now in the Tate Gallery), was born at Southampton on June 8, 1829. On July 14, 1829, Edward White Benson, afterwards Archbishop of Canterbury, was born in Birmingham. He was Archbishop from 1883 until his death in Hawarden Church, while a guest of the Gladstones, on Oct. 11, 1896. His sons, A. C. Benson, E. F. Benson, and Rev. Hugh Benson, all won success as novelists.

"Canon Liddon's birthday was Aug. 20, 1829. He stands pre-eminent among great Victorian preachers in St. Paul's Cathedral. On Sept. 13, 1829, was born H. Stacy Marks, R.A., whose sense of humour in depicting birds gave him popularity in the Royal Academy exhibitions at Burlington House. That amazing bird artist, Laurence Oliphant, was born in Cape Town in 1829. As journalist and novelist he was always interesting. "Dr. R. W. Dale, perhaps the greatest theologian of the Victorian era, was born on Dec. 1, 1829. His famous ministry at Cairn Lane Church, Birmingham, made him a national figure."

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Hong Kong, April 1, 1924.

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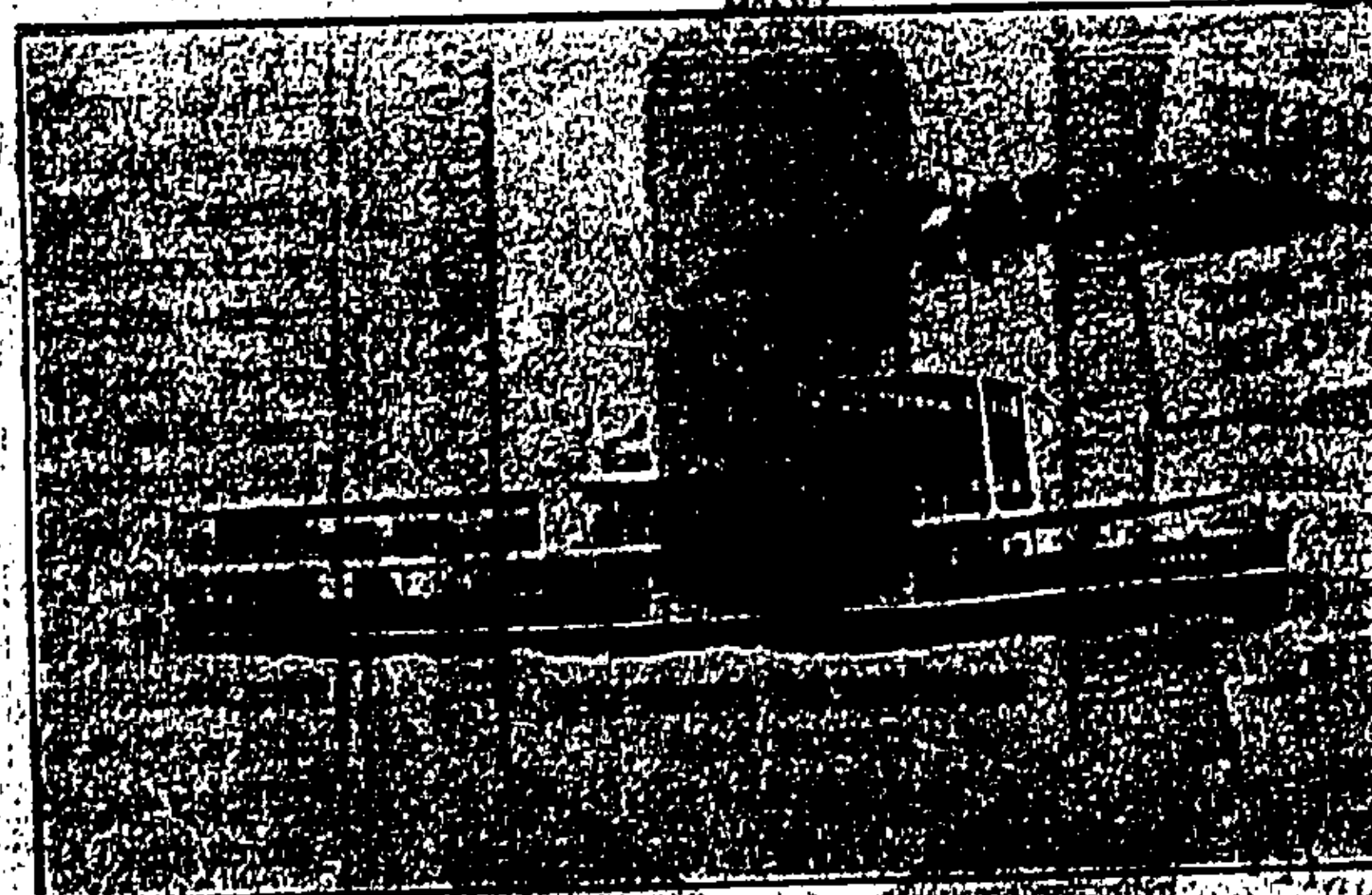
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Hong Kong, Thursday, Feb. 14, 1929.

WORLD TOURS AND TOURISTS

The arrival in port yesterday of the s.s. "Empress of Australia" and the s.s. "Belgenland" to-morrow on another world tour brings to mind the importance of such a method of seeing the world and the manner in which nowadays many of the great shipping companies cater for it. World cruises are, of course, no novelty, but it may be safely stated that never before were they conducted in so thorough a manner and never before were there so many lines entering upon this particular phase of shipping business. Tours from London to New York to some well-known point were long ago started for those bent exclusively upon pleasure and sight-seeing, but such trips were, of course, parochial compared with the world-wide tours that are now of practically every day occurrence. There was a time when world cruises were of rare occurrence—so rare, that Hong Kong could not, and did not, expect more than, say, a couple in a year and sometimes not that number. Then the world tourist ship and the world tourist were indeed something to be regarded as being very much out of the common, and such a visit was regarded as no ordinary affair. Shipping companies make such world cruises so very attractive and the vessels nowadays are so wonderfully and luxuriously fitted up that the call upon those who have the means and the leisure to indulge in such cruises is quite irresistible for what is unquestionably one of the most mind-opening and pleasure-giving experiences known.

And in these days when we have in the Peninsula Hotel a place to accommodate even the most fastidious—to say nothing of the wealthiest—of travellers there is all the more reason why Hong Kong should be included—as indeed it almost invariably is—in all the itineraries of the world cruises. Hong Kong, indeed, has been universally acclaimed by all world tourists in our Colony to be one of the most attractive of cities and well worth coming from the other end of the world to see. Hong Kong's natural beauties, to say nothing of the attractions of other places in its vicinity and in South China generally—Canton and Macao especially—are magnets that will never fail to attract and never fail to please the tourist who is bent primarily on seeing strange places in picturesque settings.

Quite a lot, we have sometimes thought, might be done to make the Colony even more attractive to tourists, as in this respect we seem to linger behind both Honolulu—which is in many respects quite as attractive as our own fair Colony—and Manila, which still retains much of its charm from the times when the Spaniards were in possession. The world tourist is well worth catering for. He or she is generally a person of wealth, leisure and education, and when they visit us it would be to our mutual advantage to see that they are really well entertained. They travel throughout the world, and unquestionably their good opinion is well worth having. As we have stated, we think that Hong Kong, which is always pleased to see the stranger in its midst—especially those travelling the wide world over—might take into consideration the fact that, lovely as are the island and the mainland, additional charms might easily be effected that would go a long way to make the world tourist's stay here even more agreeable than it invariably is. We hope that private enterprise and the powers that be in the Legislative Council will seriously take this matter into consideration.

Warning to Doctors
At the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday a Chinese doctor, whose name is omitted from the Press reports, was fined five dollars for failing to notify a case of small-pox. He pleaded ignorance of the law, which requires the owner of a house to be in charge of the patient to make the necessary notification, and further asserted that he thought the doctor was

the patient's family. To the latter plea the Magistrate pointed out that there was only the mother, unless the doctor could produce the father—obviously not always so simple as it appears. Under all the circumstances there may be a certain amount of sympathy with the doctor, but medical practitioners, like the ordinary individual, are presumed to know the law on all and everything concerning public health. It is not difficult to imagine how easily the disease of small-pox might spread were doctors to fail in their duty of reporting to the medical authorities cases to which they are called in the exercise of their profession. In the case under review the Chinese doctor may be said to have been fortunate in being called upon to pay only a nominal fine. But the warning to all Chinese doctors cannot be disregarded, and it is as well for the general safeguarding of the community in outbreaks of epidemics that that warning should be taken. The Medical Department has quite enough to contend with, owing to the tendency of the Chinese masses to smother up cases of small-pox, without being handicapped further through sins of omission on the part of Chinese doctors who ought to know better.

Many a world power has gone down to ruin because of the failure to recognise the scientific balance between Church and State. The State without the Church is a blind leader. The State dominated by the Church has been an autocratic tyrant. The Church, to be helpful to the State, must dwell in that purer mental atmosphere which is the abode of Spirit. From this "secular" place of the most High the Church will be able to reflect the divine illumination that will throw light on the pathway which the State must pursue in order to reach the goal that has been promised to humanity—the millennium.—William S. Campbell.

The driver of motor bus No. 576, owned by the Hong Kong Tramways, Ltd., was yesterday afternoon summoned before Major C. Willson, O.B.E., at the Central Magistracy, for passing a stationary tramcar, at the junction of Arsenal-street and Queen's-road East, on the afternoon of January 31. Traffic Sub-Inspector Nicols told the Magistrate that the defendant's action was a danger to the public. Having ascertained that the defendant had had several years' experience as a bus driver, his Worship remarked that defendant ought to have known better, and imposed a fine of \$10.

When the driver of a public motor car was summoned for causing an obstruction in Hillier-street, he told Major C. Willson, O.B.E., that he had taken a fare to the Central Police Station, and on the way back the car ran out of gasoline in Hillier-street. His Worship did not believe defendant's story and imposed a fine of \$8.

The decomposed body of a Chinese man, believed to be a victim of the "Hsinwah" disaster, was picked up off Lama Island yesterday by fishing boat No. 8972-HC. It was transferred to the Water Police, who took it to the Kowloon mortuary.

Li Po-nam, shopkeeper of No. 166, Des Voeux-road Central, reported to the Police yesterday that his accountant named Leung Kwong-jung absconded on the 11th instant after, he alleged, embezzling the sum of \$5,861.89, the property of the shop.

A Vocal and Piano Recital will be given by Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Bowes-Smith and Mrs. A. H. Graves-Browne at the Helena May Institute on Thursday, February 21, at 5.30 p.m. Tea tickets must be booked by Wednesday. Adv.

H.M.S. "Cumberland," of the 5th Cruiser Squadron, arrives this afternoon from Saigon, on completion of southern cruise.

The Banque Franco-Chinoise has opened a permanent branch in Hue (capital of Annam).

An American and a Scotsman were speaking about the intense cold in the North of Scotland. "But it's nothing to the cold we get in the States," protested the American. "Why, I can remember one winter a sheep jumping from a hillock into a field became frozen on the way, and it stuck in the air like a block of ice."

"Eh, mon, I've expect me to believe you?" said the Scot dourly. "The law o' gravity wouldna allow it, ye ken."

"The other was not to be shaken."

"Oh, we don't do things by halves in our country," he replied. "The law o' gravity was frozen too."

EXISTENCE OF GOD

LECTURE BY FATHER GALLAGHER

RELIGION AND SCIENCE

Continuing the series of lectures on Religion and Science, the Rev. Fr. R. Gallagher, S.J., gave an address at St. Patrick's Hall last evening on "The Religion of To-day and the Science of To-morrow." He said:—

This evening, ladies and gentlemen, I am going to show that Religion, i.e. the relation that exists between man and God, is not necessarily based on the authority of others, but that man by using his senses and his intellect is forced into accepting the fundamental truth of all religion, the existence of God. I am not denying that man can and that man does make an act of Faith in the existence of God. All I assert is that, proceeding from all authority, the human intellect is capable of arriving at a certain, definite knowledge of the existence, and to a limited extent of the nature of God.

Philosophy divides the arguments into three kinds: 1. "Metaphysical," based on self-evident first principles as the Principle of Causality, the Principle of Sufficient Reason; 2. "Physical," arguments drawn from the phenomena of nature, the content of experience; 3. "Moral," based on the general conduct of mankind.

In this lecture I shall use the second kind, specifically the argument from design, to prove the first part of my thesis; and the argument from the principle of causality to prove the second part.

Within the last two years both those arguments have been cited by two men who profess to do away with religion on the strength of them. Neither of the two men has quoted the arguments correctly. In a book, published in 1928, F. H. Hayward sums up the whole Catholic position in five paragraphs on one page. His first paragraph reads: "That, as the universe is in existence, it must have been brought into existence at some time or other by a Creator." That is not the argument from contingency and does not give the principle of causality.

Argument from Design
In a lecture delivered by Mr. Bertrand Russell at Battersea, in March, 1927, before the National Secular Society, he gives the argument from design in this form: "Everything in the world is made just so that we can live in the world, and if the world were ever so little different we could not manage to live in it. That is the argument from design. It sometimes takes a rather curious form: for instance, it is argued that rabbits have white tails in order to be easy to shoot. I do not know how the rabbits would view the application."

Mr. Bertrand Russell is a clever man, an able thinker. In the preface to his work, "Analysis of Matter," he shows the instincts of a great scientist, for he speaks with modesty of the difficulty of his task and of the meticulous care with which he should proceed. Why does he shed both when he talks about religion? Why, instead of being intellectual, does he become shallow; and why, when he should advance cautiously, does he indulge in flippancy? That argument is not the argument from design.

The argument from design is this: 1. There exists in the world an order and an adaptation of a very wonderful kind; 2. That order is constant, regular and very useful; 3. That order is proved by all the sciences; 4. It is more complicated than the order, for instance, in the works of a watch, or, in fact, any other mechanical device that we know. Now, if the smallest mechanical work demands a designer adapting means to a particular end. Then: Much more does the vast mechanism of the universe.

Let us begin with a few preliminary remarks. 1. We do not assert that the world is the most perfect that could exist. We grant that there is possibility of improvement. The scheme of the world as it is planned, is most wonderfully planned, it is not the most perfect that could be planned.

2. We do not say—as so many accuse us of saying—that the argument from design, taken by itself, proves that the designer was all-powerful or that he created the universe. It is sufficient in the first part of the proof to show that to explain the order that does exist there must have been an intelligent originator.

3. We do say that science and the theory of evolution help in a wonderful way to establish our thesis. In the second part, making use of the argument of causality, we shall show that the ultra-atomic cause of all is an Infinite Being—God—Order in the Universe. 4. Astronomy maps out for us the orbits of the planets, the periodicity of the double stars, it

has established Bode's Law and Kepler's laws. It has fixed the laws of light and by those laws has been able to calculate the distances of stars.

2. Biology, Botany, Zoology have, because of the wonderful similarities, and equally wonderful differences in the cells, plants and animals, been able to reduce these things to definite and clearly distinct groups.

3. Anatomy and physiology show what a marvellous machine the human body is both in its structure and in its functional activities.

4. Chemistry and physics have done for the molecule, atoms, ions and electrons what Botany has done for the plants, Zoology for the animals.

Regularity
In whatever branch they specialise scientists look for plan and design. Their whole striving is to reduce phenomena to laws discoverable from the manifestations of the phenomena themselves. This is a senseless proceeding unless they are prepared to admit, which they are, that in the world there is an order or orders governed by laws. The order is constant.

Astronomy: In our solar system astronomers are able to calculate very many years in advance, not merely that there will be an eclipse of the sun, but they are able to tell exactly the path of the shadow, and fix beforehand telescopic cameras so accurately that at the moment of totality—sometimes only a matter of a few seconds—photos of the phenomenon can be secured. They did so in England two years ago and are going to do the same in Sumatra this year. Transits of Venus and Mercury can be calculated with absolute accuracy in the same way. The next will be on June 8, 2004.

Because of a slight deviation from its normal course the planet Uranus enabled two men, Leverrier of France and Adams of England, to work out by pure mathematics, quite independently of one another, the position of the disturbing cause, and so lead to the discovery of the planet Neptune. Even such apparently irregular bodies as comets and meteors can be reduced to periodic formulae. In 1934, according to Professor Pickering, we are to have a maximum display of the Leonids.

Biology: from the study of a comparatively infinitesimal number of cells is sure of its ground in generalising to the cell though in one composite organism as a plant or the human body there are millions of such cells, and in the world there are countless composite organisms.

All Are the Same
Anatomy and Physiology: It is sufficient for a surgeon to make a detailed study of one human body to give him perfect confidence in performing operations on any who require his aid. The human eye, ear, muscles, nerves, brain are the same all the world over. There may be slight accidental differences but essentially all are the same.

The spectroscope shows that the atoms of hydrogen on Sirius are the same as the atoms of hydrogen on this earth though there are thousands of millions of miles between the two.

The beauty of the flowers, of the wings of a butterfly, of the feathers of birds, is the same wherever these flowers, butterflies or birds are found.

And so we might pile proof on proof on the constancy of nature. The Order Is Useful

1. The inclination of the earth's axis—23.5—allows the maximum of the earth's surface to be warmed by the rays of the sun.

2. The atmosphere is exactly suited to man, or, if you prefer, man is perfectly adapted to the atmosphere which surrounds him.

3. Man and the animals breathe in oxygen and breathe out carbon-dioxide, plants on the other hand absorb carbon-dioxide and give off oxygen—compensation.

4. Water is the only liquid that is densest before it drops to freezing point. If that were not so the world would be a frozen mass in a short time.

5. The eye of man, condor, spider, bat are all suited to their requirements.

6. Countless other phenomena show exactly the same thing: symbols, the adaptation of plants, animals and of man himself to the climatic conditions in which they happen to find themselves.

7. The wonderful instinct displayed by the insect and animal kingdoms. The "Spheks" killing the motor nerves of the grub in which she deposits her eggs; the bee building its hive to be able to achieve the maximum of strength with the minimum of material. (Continued on Page 2)

ST. VALENTINE'S DAY SOME TENDER MEMORIES RECALLED SIMPLE LITTLE STORY

St. Valentine's Day is hardly remembered in these days of rush. How I love to picture its sweet, tender memories of nearly fifty years ago! First, as the eager, little girl watching for old King, the ancient postman, to cross the bridge from the neighbouring town, into our village; the delight when he appeared, carrying not only the usual bag, but a sack—and, on one memorable occasion, followed by a youth with still another sack.

Then the rush to the door to secure the huge, white envelopes, always well splashed with red sealing wax, without which no Valentine was complete; and then the joy of opening them—the fat, little Cupids, the white doves, and the clasped hands, to say nothing of the verses! Well do I remember when Betty, the Parson's cook, got a most beautifully addressed packet which, I think, was shown to nearly all the residents. It ran thus:

Run, postman, run, don't stop to look
But take this letter to the Parson's cook,
The Parsonage house is her abode
At Hamton Wick, by the side of the road.

How my little heart was fired with envy when I saw it!

Boys were taught to write in those days. It was considered an art. Now the Public School boys writing always makes me think of a very small microbe which, having fallen into the ink pot, crawls out, and waddling across a fair sheet of paper, leaves strange and weird markings behind it. The young men of fifty years ago used to adorn these huge envelopes with the most beautiful penmanship, or the fair one's name was formed of small Cupids who, bowing and curvetting, formed the letters of her name and residence.

Appetites Lost!

The boys often wore a worried look just before St. Valentine's Day. I have also known them to lose their usual appetites!

My eldest brother was affected in this way. Being an observant young man, I thought the poor fellow was trying to compose some poetry or sonnet to his lady love, so I offered my assistance which, under a most solemn promise of secrecy, was accepted. I could always make rhyme, so I soon presented him with the following, for which I received sixpence:

To my Valentine,
I'd like to kiss your lips to-day,
But still I think this will convey.
My wish sincere, my passion true,
I think, dear love, of none but you.

He was so pleased with this effusion that, after writing it in his very best hand writing, on some fancy paper, he sent it to not one but to three young damsels, which was his undoing! They met, and one boasted; general consternation prevailed; and they compared paper, handwriting, and verses. I do not think my brother ever owned up, but he was suspected, snubbed, and very properly sent to Coventry! Many a hearty laugh have we had over that episode.

The High Priestess

Now, I must tell you about Mrs. Brown, the High Priestess of St. Valentine. She was a pretty little widow, with kind, shrewd eyes, which used to beam upon you from behind her glasses. I must not forget her cap, which had a personality of its own. It had a rather high crown, with a delicate lace border, which hung round her face and used to breathe serenity, just moving; but if Mrs. Brown was excited the frill flapped; and if she was angry, which was not often, the frill stood out straight and expressed indignation and defiance. Mrs. Brown kept the stationer's shop in our village, and toward the end of January she would tell you in an awestruck whisper:

"I have been up to London, Miss, and have bought such a stock: I shall be ruined if I don't sell them. My dear young lady, why, some of them run into as much as five shillings and seven and sixpence each—beauties, my dear. I could not resist them."

At the back of her neat little shop was her parlour, with a half glass door, with small curtains tied back with a dainty band so that the dear old goody could watch for her customers. But during the week before St. Valentine's Day the curtains were closed. The parlour became, then, a sacred shrine wherein the patrons of Mrs. Brown were allowed to indulge in a private view, before the Valentines were displayed in one of the shop windows. Customers could also use the parlour to direct

and tie up. Then they could quietly leave by the side door, which was near the bridge, pass into the town; and post the secret Valentine without any danger of Miss Prim, our village post lady, being any the wiser, as she was supposed to be what is called in these days a nosy person.

Mrs. Brown's parlour—a cheery, little room—was provided with ink, pens, plenty of white string, a little taper and matches, and—what struck my quick, young eyes—plenty of clean blotting paper; a fresh sheet seemed to be put for each patron. All these articles were put on the little round table, and the High Priestess used to show you in with such an air, the cap waving a benediction all the time.

"Secret as the Grave"

"Secret as the grave, Miss; take your time; no one shall come in."

I remember once, when I was older, how telling me how young Tom, the Parson's son, was buying a Valentine for his Lily when Mother Brown, glancing through her shop window, saw to her dismay Parson heading straight for her shop door; how she hustled Master Tom into the parlour; and how Parson entered:

"Good morning, Mrs. Brown, have you seen my boy about this morning?"

"Not a sign of him, Sir—'May God forgive me the lie, Miss, but what was I to do? And there was the young rascal killing himself with laughter, and when his Pa had gone and I went in, he caught me round the waist, he did, and kissed me on each cheek and said, 'Good old Brownie, you shall be my Valentine.'"

Dear old soul—the loved our little love affair, and took a personal interest in them. Silent as the grave she certainly was, and I never knew her to reveal any of our innocent secrets.

First Private View

I think I was about 17 when I went with my sister, who was older, to my first private view. Mother had gone out to tea which, in those dear old days, meant spending the evening as well. We were admitted at the side door, for fear some neighbour should be in the shop. Then, what enjoyment opening the delicate white paper boxes, which were then becoming fashionable. The lace paper, with rice paper middles beautifully painted—the faint perfume which filled the room from the lovely sachets, some of palest blue satin with the lily of the valley exquisitely painted, or the white satin with tiny forget-me-nots; the tender verses. And then the dreadful shock of thinking we heard Mother's voice in the shop! However, it was a false alarm, and we departed in safety, leaving our Valentines in Mrs. Brown's care till the time for posting came.

"Secret as the grave, I am, Miss."

Then, before I close, one little incident I will tell you.

I was older by a few years, and knew something of the tragedy of life, having won and lost my Valentine.

One day I was entering the little room from the shop to direct a book I wanted to post, when out bustled a dear, old, maiden lady who lived with her old maid at the end of our village in a little brown house. Miss Prudence looked flushed and shy like a little wren who had been up to something. Her little Dresden china face was quite pink, and she had something drawn under her cloak. We just greeted each other, and then I entered the little parlour—well, I think I have told you before that I was an observant young person.

Tell-Tale Blotting Paper

On the clean blotting paper lying on the table was, without any mistake, Miss Prudence's address. It wanted no holding up to the light.

The poor little soul had sent herself a Valentine.

They say a woman cannot keep a secret—well, I kept this pathetic one of dear little Miss Prudence's. When Mrs. Brown came in I asked her pardon for dropping the ink on her nice, clean blotting paper; our eyes met and something like tears glistened behind those glasses; and the cap rose and fell as if it, too, agreed that silent as the grave we two must be.

And during the next three years I always posted a Valentine to a certain dear, old maid.

And once, not long before she passed away into the Great Beyond, she said to me when I called soon after the day:

"My dear, I dare say you will think it strange that an old woman like myself should always receive a Valentine."

I ought to have told you that dear little Miss Prudence was now a confirmed invalid. She looked up, with her wistful little smile, and said:

"REVENGE"

DOLORES DEL RIO AT
THE QUEEN'S
STAR IN NEW ROLE

The daughter of a wild tamer is the latest role of Dolores Del Rio, who may be seen from today to Saturday at the Queen's Theatre in "Revenge."

Based upon "Konrad Bercowicz's" "The Bear Tamer's Daughter," the story tells the love adventures of "Rascha," and of how, after many thrilling and dramatic incidents, her flaming spirit is finally subdued by her lover, who has for many years been the object of her intense hatred.

The story is one of a hundred surprising twists and ends in a totally unexpected manner.

It is said that the star of "Reurrection" and many other noteworthy productions is at her best in this picture, which has been produced without thought of expense.

"Revenge" has an excellent supporting cast, including James Marcus, Lory Mason, and Rita Carew, who was directed by Edwin Carew, who directed several of Miss Del Rio's earlier pictures.

BANVARD COMPANY YOUNG HONG KONG LADY LEADING PERFORMER

Mrs. Cherry Wymott, who is one of the Banvard Musical Comedy Company's leading ladies, is (we are informed) a native of Hong Kong. Some years ago she resided here and was well-known as Miss Wilks, her father being a local electrical engineer. Since then, as "Cherry Wymott," Miss Wilks has been attaining high honours in the musical comedy world at home, and is now one of the brightest of scintillating stars. Hong Kong play-goers will be delighted to see "Cherry Wymott" when she makes her debut here with the Banvard Co. on Saturday evening at the Star Theatre, Kowloon. A picture of this attractive young artiste appears on page 10 of this issue.

CAPT. SPARKES

LARGELY ATTENDED FUNERAL
AT HAPPY VALLEY

Captain W. H. Sparkes, of the s.s. "San Nam Ho," whose death from pneumonia has already been reported, was buried at the Protestant Cemetery, Happy Valley, yesterday afternoon.

The Rev. G. T. Waldegrave officiated at the graveside, and there was a large gathering of mourners, including many Chinese members of the "San Nam Ho."

Those who attended to pay their last tribute to a gallant man and a good friend included Mr. and Mrs. G. W. May and the Misses Thelma and Norma May, Mr. Soo Shou-nam (owner of the "San Nam Ho"), Mr. G. Williams (Chief Officer, "San Nam Ho"), Mr. M. F. Houghton (Chief Engineer, "San Nam Ho"), Mr. Yee Faling (compradore), Capt. T. T. Laurensen (representing the China Coast Officers' Guild), Capt. F. Baylis (Superintendent of the Sailors' Home), Capt. Collum (s.s. "On Lee"), Capt. Campbell (s.s. "Sai On"), Capt. McKechnie, Capt. R. D. Thomas, Messrs. Cornwell (s.s. "Sai On"), Dwyer, Morgan, C. W. Bird, I. B. Warren, D. MacGillivray, F. W. Stapleton, Horst, D. H. Blake, and many others.

Among the wreaths were tributes from Mr. G. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Houghton; Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Wilson, Miss Funderburk and Miss Clement, Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Way, Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Warren, Capt. and Mrs. C. H. Thompson, Mr. Francis, T. Parton, Mr. and Mrs. W. Ferritt, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Bird and Miss Bird, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. May, Thelma and Norma, Mrs. E. O. Murphy and family, Mr. and Mrs. Mody, Capt. and Mrs. Baylis, Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Cave, Mr. A. K. Dimond, Capt. and Mrs. J. C. McKechnie, Capt. R. D. Thomas, Miss M. Bragg, Rev. G. T. Waldegrave and Staff and Boarders of the Seamen's Institute, Mr. G. W. C. Burnett, Mr. J. W. Morris, Mr. C. E. H. Beavis and Mr. D. H. Blake, Capt. and Mrs. Laurensen, Mrs. Capell and family, Mrs. Rapley.

Chief Engineer "San Nam Ho," Capt. and Officers s.s. "Tung On," C. E. Warren and Co., Mercantile Marine Office, Capt. and Officers s.s. "Tai Lee," Officers, "On Lee," China Coast Officers' Guild, Capt. and Officers s.s. "Sai On," Capt. and Officers "Kwong Ying," s.s. "Sanning," Pilots, "San Nam Ho," Master and Officers "Kong Ning."

gentle little heart to receive a token and to think about it.

I hope this simple, little story will find an echo in the hearts of some who can remember the sweet and tender memories of St. Valentine's Day.

SHADOWS BEFORE. COMING EVENTS ANNOUNCED IN THE "MAIL"

To-day—Harnston's Circus, Praya East Reclamation, 9.15 p.m.
To-day—Queen's Theatre; "Revenge."

To-day—Star Theatre; "The Dove."

To-day—Majestic Theatre; "Bigger Than Banum," and Cathryn."

To-day and to-morrow—World Theatre; "Rosita," Chinese picture "Kan, The Great Knight, Errant" (2.30 and 7.15 p.m.)

Feb. 15—Macdona Players' Stage "The Philanderer" at Star Theatre, Kowloon in their final performance 9.15 p.m.

Feb. 15-17—Majestic Theatre; "Brown Derby."

Feb. 16—Variety entertainment by the K.O.S.B. as farewell to Mrs. Luard, Theatre Royal, 9 p.m.

Feb. 16-17—World Theatre; "The Wizard," Chinese picture "Who Is The Guilty One" (2.30 and 7.15 p.m.)

Feb. 16-17—Star Theatre; "The Kid Brother."

Feb. 16-19—W. R. Banvard's New Musical Comedy Co. at Star Theatre, 9.15 p.m.

Feb. 17-18—Queen's Theatre; Theatre; "Emden."

Feb. 18-19—World Theatre; "Impetuous Youth," Chinese picture "A Courageous Girl" (2.30 and 7.15 p.m.)

Feb. 18-19—Star Theatre; "His Secretary."

Feb. 18-19—Majestic Theatre; "Smooth As Satin."

Lammer's Auction
Feb. 18, 19, 20—At Talkoo Sugar Factory, Quarry Bay, a quantity of surplus stores, 10.30 a.m.

Sports
To-day—European Y.M.C.A. whilst drive at 9 p.m.

Feb. 16—Interport matches: United Services v. Shanghai.

Feb. 17—China New Year steplechase meeting of Fanling Hunt, at Kwai Lee course, 3 p.m.

Feb. 17—Cricket match: Volunteers v. University, University ground, 11 a.m.

Feb. 25, 26, 27 & Mar. 2—Hong Kong Jockey Club Annual Race Meeting.

Feb. 18, 19, 20—At Talkoo Sugar Factory, Quarry Bay, a quantity of surplus stores, 10.30 a.m.

Meetings
Feb. 15—Thirty-first annual meeting of the "Star" Ferry Co., Ltd., Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co.'s Office, 12.30 p.m.

Feb. 16—Tenth ordinary meeting of shareholders of the Bank of East Asia, Ltd., at "Chinese Merchants' Club, China Building (6th floor), 3 p.m.

Feb. 16—Annual meeting of shareholders of Hong Kong Realty & Trust Co., Ltd., Exchange Bldg., (2nd floor) Des Voeux-rd. Chl. Noon.

Feb. 20—China Provident Loan & Mortgage Co., Ltd.'s thirty-second annual meeting, 6th floor, Pedder Building, 12.15 p.m.

Feb. 21—Annual general meeting of European Y.M.C.A. Kowloon, 6.30 p.m.

Feb. 21—Annual Meeting of European Y.M.C.A., at Kowloon, 6 p.m.

Feb. 22—Fourth Annual meeting of Hong Kong Telephone Co., Ltd., Exchange Bldg., (2nd floor) noon.

Feb. 23—Further extraordinary meeting of shareholders of Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, City Hall, 12.45 p.m.

"ON APPROVAL"

THEATRE ROYAL

19th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, and 26th
FEBRUARY.

OWING TO THE HEAVY BOOKING AN EXTRA PERFORMANCE will be given on TUESDAY, February 26.

BOOKING AT ANDERSON'S
Reserved Seats \$3.00.



THE POPULAR
SPINET
CIGARETTES

In Packets of 10.
REMEMBER
OUR FREE GIFT

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Feb. 28—Thirty-third yearly meeting of the Dairy Farm Ice & Cold Storage Co., Ltd., 2 Lower Albert-rd., noon.

March 1—Hong Kong Tramways Ltd., Annual Meeting, Messrs. Jardine's office, noon.

Miscellaneous
Feb. 16—Interport Dinner at Savoy Hotel, 8 p.m.

Feb. 17—Y.M.C.A., Kowloon, Quiet Hour. Speaker, Mr. J. H. Hunt, 9 p.m.

Feb. 18—Fireside Discussion: Education, at European Y.M.C.A. Kowloon, 9 p.m.

Feb. 20—At St. Patrick's Hall, 5 Garden Road, the Rev. Fr. P. Joy, S.J., lectures on "A Book And Its Story," 8.30 p.m.

Feb. 21—Hong Kong Horticultural Society's annual show, Volunteer Headquarters.

Feb. 22—H.K.V.D.C. Annual inspection at Murray Parade ground, 5.50 p.m.

Feb. 23—Laying of Foundation stone of the Kowloon branch of Chinese Y.M.C.A.

Feb. 24—Y.M.C.A., Kowloon, Quiet hour, 8 p.m.

Feb. 25—At Kowloon Y.M.C.A. "Talk on China," 6.30 p.m.

NOTICES.

THE BANK OF EAST ASIA,
LIMITED.

ON The Occasion of the 10th ANNIVERSARY of the Bank of East Asia, Limited, the Directors and Management will be AT HOME at their Office on SATURDAY, the 16th February from 11.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Y.M.C.A. LADY HELPERS.

ATTENTION is drawn to the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the above, to be held in the Naval & Military Y.M.C.A., City Hall, on TUESDAY, February 19th, at 11 a.m.

NOTICE.

BY Kind Permission of Lt-Col. B. H. C. FOSNBERY, D.S.O., M.C. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Bn. Queen's Royal Regiment will beat "RETREAT" on the Hong Kong Cricket Club Ground at 5 p.m. on TUESDAY, next, 19th February (weather permitting).

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| | An Old Sacred Lullaby | " |
| 4439 | Sea Rapture | Wm. Heastline |
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SPRING RACE MEETING.

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HONG KONG.

Sport Columns

SHANGHAI WIN FROM CHINESE

BRILLIANT DISPLAY FORWARDS SHINE IN MATCH OF EIGHT GOALS

INTERPORT SOCCER VISIT

[By "Rover"]

Before an immense crowd at Happy Valley yesterday, Shanghai's Interport soccer team, with a re-shuffled team, scored a fine victory over the Combined Chinese XI, by five goals to three.

Shanghai brought in Read, Duffy, Moore and Jones to the exclusion of Sinclair, Wright, Turner and Stokes, the latter four having played in the vanguard of the Interport XI, who lost to Hong Kong by three-nil. Read was at right back and Palmer crossed to left wing. Wilson going up to left wing. Duffy and Moore took the places of Pote-Hunt and Costa in the middle line and Pote-Hunt and Costa filled two of the vacancies in the attack, the fourth being made up by Jones.

Lai Yuk-tat (left back), Leung Yuk-tong (right half) and Lam Yuk-ying (left half) were absent from the selected Chinese XI. Teams:—

Combined Chinese:—Pau Ka-ping (S. China); Ng Kam-chuen (Athletic), Lau Mau (S. China); Leung Wing-tak (S. China); Wong Shui-wa (Athletic), Li Tin-sang (S. China); Chan Kwong-ku (Athletic), Fung King-cheung (S. China), Wong Pak-chong (Athletic), Suen Kam-shun (Athletic), Ip Pak-wa (S. China).

Shanghai:—David; Read, Palmer; Duffy, Gash, Moore; Favacho, Pote-Hunt, Costa, Jones, Wilson.

Referee: Capt. A. W. Austin, M.C., M.M., R.A.

Linesmen: Mr. F. Smith, L.S.B.A., Atkinson, R.N.

Fast From Outset

Shanghai kicked off and early exchanges were very fast. Jones being prominent at forward. Shanghai attacked on the left but Ng Kam-chuen got the ball away with a nice kick. Suen Kam-shun took up the running from a faulty kick by Read, but Ip Pak-wa shot over.

Gash put forward nicely in subsequent play and Shanghai's forwards were lively around the Chinese goal, Pote-Hunt heading to the goal, who cleared.

Dashing away along the right, Chan Kwong-ku raised the hopes of the large local crowd, but Wong Pak-chong was slow and Palmer made a fine clearance.

Shanghai scored after smart play by Wilson and Costa, the ball crossing to Favacho who netted with a nice low drive close in. Shanghai pressed and Pau Ka-ping was very busy. Suen Kam-shun broke away again, but he was well stopped by Read. Then Palmer held up Fung King-cheung just as the latter was getting dangerous.

China's best chance, however, was a smart attempt by Ip Pak-wa, who was "fed" by Suen Kam-shun, and the winger nearly forced through in a good attempt.

At the other end, Pau Ka-ping saved grandly from Wilson.

Then China came very near just after, Fung King-cheung going through—but Chan Kwong-ku's final shot was charged down.

Brilliant Save

A brilliant save by David from Suen Kam-shun at point blank range was warmly applauded and both goalies saved many shots, the play being exciting and very fast. Li Tin-sang cleared a dangerous situation with a clever kick.

After Palmer had cleared well, Fung King-cheung again got Chan Kwong-ku moving, and the little winger—taking the ball on the run—crashed home a terrific shot

which just passed outside. The crowd was greatly excited with the fast exchanges.

From the kick out, Shanghai broke away finely and Wilson put over a perfect centre which Favacho headed in neatly.

Shanghai were two up, but a slip by Read gave China a chance and, Li Tin-sang, placing nicely, Fung King-cheung scored with a fast low drive. The closing thrill of a great first half was reserved till the last minute, David making a marvellous save from one of Suen Kam-shun's specials.

Shanghai led at the interval by the odd goal in three.

Right from the resumption, the Shanghai forwards went clean through. Gash and his colleagues played a strong half-back game. Pau Ka-ping threw away when hard pressed.

China's backs were kicking well. A big punt by Lau Mau, was taken by Fung King-cheung, but he was stopped by Palmer just in time.

End to end play became the order. Shanghai were doing better with the wind and nice passing by the front line ended with Favacho putting just outside. Moore and Duffy shone against the speedy Chinese forwards.

Costa Scores

Then Costa pierced the Chinese defence—with Pau Ka-ping beaten—but Ng Kam-chuen made a splendid save right on the goal-line, a fact that was warmly cheered.

Suen Kam-shun and Ip Pak-wa, on the Chinese left wing, were playing strong football, and danger often threatened from this wing; and following a very spirited attack, David saved a crashing shot from Ip Pak-wa, but the goalie was penalised for carrying.

Fung King-cheung passed across to Suen Kam-shun and the Athletic crack crashed the ball past David to equalise amidst tumultuous cheering.

The match was now intensely interesting.

Wilson crossed finely to Costa and Shanghai again led through Costa scoring close in.

Shanghai obtained their fourth goal a very few minutes after, Favacho centering accurately for Jones to tap nicely into the net. China rallied in great style. Suen Kam-shun advanced finely and gave to Ip Pak-wa, who scored a very smart goal.

China still were very dangerous and Suen Kam-shun nearly equalised with a good opening.

Then Shanghai came again and Pote-Hunt clinched matters with Shanghai's fifth—a remarkable game full of incident ending with Shanghai's deserved winners by five goals to three.

Comments

The match was one of the best seen for a long time; it was full of fast and clever play. There was a distinct freshness about the play of the Shanghai team from the start as the players appeared to jump right into their stride from the kick-off.

Both goalkeepers played brilliantly despite the goals scored. It appeared that David had the more difficult shots to negotiate than Pau Ka-ping. One or two of David's saves bordered on the marvellous, and the Shanghai goalie gave a great display.

Palmer was the best back on the field, being as steady as a rock on many dangerous occasions. Read kicked well, but was variable under pressure.

Duffy and Moore were consistently good without being brilliant, and Gash showed his usual high-class football in this match, his "feeding" placing and coolness being an object lesson to centrals.

Shanghai's forwards were clever as a line, with the wingers Wilson (on the left) and Favacho (on the right) outstanding, both giving highly polished displays. The inside, Jones, Costa and Pote-Hunt, run—crashed home a terrific shot

(Continued on Next Column)

HOME FOOTBALL

LIVERPOOL GO DOWN AT HOME

ENGLISH LEAGUE

Liverpool, Yesterday. The First Division match between Liverpool and Manchester United, played here, resulted:—

Manchester United ... 3
Liverpool ... 2

Reuter.

Table To Date	Goals.
P. W. D. L. F. A. Pts.	
Wednesday ... 28 15 5 8 57 39 38	
Blackburn ... 28 14 5 9 57 45 33	
Sunderland ... 28 14 5 9 57 45 33	
Aston Villa ... 27 15 3 9 54 53 33	
Derby ... 28 14 4 10 58 43 32	
Leicester ... 27 12 7 8 53 49 31	
Leeds ... 27 13 5 9 56 60 31	
Huddersfield ... 28 12 6 10 57 39 30	
Everton ... 28 13 3 12 45 44 29	
Liverpool ... 28 10 7 11 52 48 27	
Bolton ... 28 11 5 12 51 48 27	
Manchester City ... 28 10 7 11 51 64 27	
Arsenal ... 28 9 10 9 46 48 27	
Newcastle ... 28 12 3 14 49 59 26	
Sheffield U. ... 28 10 6 12 51 61 26	
West Ham ... 28 10 6 12 58 65 26	
Burnley ... 28 11 3 14 57 79 25	
Birmingham ... 26 10 4 12 48 54 24	
Cardiff ... 26 7 8 14 32 39 22	
Bury ... 26 9 8 14 40 65 21	
Portsmouth ... 27 10 0 17 38 63 20	
Manchester U. ... 28 5 9 14 39 61 19	

FIRST RESULTS

H.K.C.C. TENNIS TOURNAMENT BEGINS

A start having been made earlier than in other years, the first fixtures in the Hong Kong Cricket Club's annual lawn tennis tournament—carrying with them the men's championships of the Colony—were decided yesterday.

Ng Sze-kwong, an ex-champion, made an appearance in the open doubles. He and his partner, Ho Ka-lau, who has played for China in the Far East Olympiad, won easily from a Japanese pair. S. E. Green, another ex-champion, played in the Club championship. Yesterday's results:—

Open Singles:—J. G. Lawrie beat W. B. Cornaby 1-6, 6-4, 6-1; Lu Tak-cheuk received a walk over from K. T. San.

Open Doubles:—Ng Sze-kwong and Ho Ka-lau beat T. Imura and H. Yoshida 6-3, 6-1, 6-3; V. Yanovich and C. Barretto beat A. H. Crook and Dr. Montgomery 6-3, 3-6, 6-3, 6-2; Y. Sajiki and T. Isomura beat E. Railton and C. Pile 6-0, 6-1, 6-4.

Club Championship:—S. E. Green beat H. V. Parker 6-0, 6-1.

Tomorrow's Games

No matches are down for to-day. Tomorrow's fixtures are:—

Open Singles:—A. H. Crook v. C. E. Holmes; S. E. Green v. T. Isomura; M. K. Lo v. Ng Sze-kwong.

Open Doubles:—Lim Peng-chin and A. H. Rumjahn v. R. M. Henderson and W. B. Cornaby; Lai Kwong-tsun and Lu Tak-lam v. Kwong Chi-wing and Lau Man-kwong; Major R. H. Lucas and Dr. R. E. Tottenham v. Horace Lo and Lu Tak-cheuk.

Club Championship:—J. G. Lawrie v. O. C. Womack.

Handicap Singles "B":—E. J. R. Mitchell (owe 5/6) v. T. Megarry (owe 3/6).

Handicap Doubles:—H. Graves and C. L. Sandes (rec. 15) v. J. Barrow and L. T. Ride (rec. 3/6).

There were rare foragers, Costa particularly doing many clever things.

China's Stars

For the Chinese, Pau Ka-ping kept a splendid goal and had little chance with the goals scored.

Ng Kam-chuen was the better of two good backs, Lau Mau kicking strongly on occasions.

The Chinese half-backs were not so good as the rest of the team, the "feeding" on many occasions being much too wild and high; but Leung Wing-tak showed the best conception of half-back play.

The forwards, especially the wings, were at times brilliant, Suen Kam-shun and Ip Pak-wa in the last quarter of an hour nearly retrieved the game. Fung King-cheung and Chan Kwong-ku, on the right, were equally strong—and David's wonderful saves testified to their shooting abilities. Wong Pak-chong, in the centre, played a steady game but was too slow for his speedy colleagues.

HOCKEY

CLUB BEATEN IN SIM SHIELD

ARMY SUPERIOR

On the United Services Recreation Club ground, Kowloon, yesterday, the Army beat the Hong Kong Hockey Club by four goals to one in a Sim Shield match.

Breaking away in the first ten minutes the Army forwards scored through Dobbie. In the next few minutes a corner led to Kealey putting the Army further ahead. The Club made many futile attacks on the Army goal.

The Club early in the second half reduced their opponents' lead. Divett took a pass from Dand and sent square across the goal for Francis to score. The Army scored twice in the closing stages of the game through Wernicke.

K.B.S.F.A. Win

The Kowloon British School Former Pupils' Association defeated the Kowloon Indian Tennis Club at hockey yesterday at King's Park. Whitley (2) and Pearn scored for the winners.

LEAGUE CRICKET

SAPPERS WIN IN SECOND DIVISION

On their own ground at King's Park yesterday, Royal Navy 2nd XI lost to Royal Engineers & Royal Corps of Signals by 85 runs in division II. of the Cricket League. Scores:—

R.E. and R.S.
Q.M.S. Leppard, c Sparrow, b Waters ... 24
Lt. Col. F. J. C. Wyatt, c Cornish, b Trussler ... 62

Cpl. Butler, c and b Gregory ... 2
Lt. Col. Durand, b Trussler ... 0
Col. R. B. Skinner, not out ... 16
Lt. Macdonald, b Gregory ... 2

Sgt. White, c Gregory, b Waters ... 0
Sgt. Warwick, b Gregory ... 0
C.M.S. Kennard, b Gregory ... 6
Sgt. Harrison, b Gregory ... 8

Extras ... 8
Total ... 121

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

O. M. R. W.
Gregory ... 14.3 3 52 5
Waters ... 7 2 15 2
Sparrow ... 5 0 15 0
Cornish ... 2 0 20 0
Trussler ... 4 2 11 3

Royal Navy 2nd XI.
Mid. Wright, c Wyatt, b Durand ... 6
Mne. Trussler, c Kennard, b Durand ... 1
Durand ... 7
Capt. Cornish, b Wyatt ... 7
Lt. Davies, b Durand ... 0
E.R.A. Sparrow, c and b Wyatt ... 0
Ch. Wm. Gregory, b Wyatt ... 0
Pay. Lt. Waters, c Macdonald, b Wyatt ... 8
Surg. Lt. Bingham, b Durand ... 0
Surg. Lt. Munro, c and b Wyatt ... 0
Lt. Walker, not out ... 0
Extras ... 14

Total ... 36
One man absent.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

O. M. R. W.
Durand ... 8 4 9 4
Wyatt ... 7.4 2 13 5

VOLUNTEERS TO MEET UNIVERSITY

The following will represent the Volunteers against the University on Sunday at 11 a.m. sharp on the University ground:—A. W. Hayward (Captain), H. Owen Hughes, H. V. Parker, A. Reid, J. A. Summers, K. H. Batger, G. E. R. Divett, H. L. F. Ewin, B. L. Stock, N. A. E. MacKay, and E. R. West.

Varsity Second Team

The following will represent the Varsity 2nd XI in a League match against the Hong Kong Cricket Club, on the latter's ground, on Saturday, at 2 p.m. sharp:—F. Hiptools (Captain), Dr. M. B. Osman, A. Baker, S. R. Kermani, H. T. Barma, K. T. Loke, A. B. Suleman, G. E. Yeoh, A. A. Aziz, D. Roy, and K. P. Gan.

The L.R.C. tennis tournaments, which were arranged for February, have been cancelled owing to lack of entries, with the exception of the Ladies' Hard Court Singles Championship.

R.H.K.G.C.

CHINA NEW YEAR RESULTS AT FANLING

ADAMSON CUP FINAL

China New Year competitions of the Royal Hong Kong Golf Club at Fanling resulted as follows:—

Fourball foursomes (17 entries):—

C. E. Holmes and F. A. Merry ... 73—5=68
Col. Bosstock and Major Beamish ... 74—5=69
H. U. Ireland and A. T. Lay ... 77—7=70

E. D. Lawrence and L. G. S. Dodwell ... 75—3=72
R. Young and A. T. Lay ... 76—4=72

The mixed medal round and the tombstone competition were both cancelled owing to insufficient entries.

The Adamson Cup

The Adamson Cup (Junior Section competition) February 1, played at Happy Valley, resulted in H. Hampton qualifying with a score of 87—23=64.

Other scores were:—
A. E. Clarke ... 86—18=68
G. McLeod ... 91—22=69
A. J. W. Dorling ... 88—16=72
T. Young ... 92—18=74
E. M. Hanlon ... 92—18=75

There were fourteen entries. Other Results

In the final tie for the Adamson Cup for 1923, W. H. Edmonds beat P. Morrison 2 and 1 over 36 holes.

In the play-off for the Captain's Cup (January) at Fanling, A. H. Ferguson qualified with a score of 75—3=72. D. J. Gilmore rounded 85—11=74 and K. S. Robertson 84—6=78.

BOXING

TOMMY LOUGHRAN DEFEATS EMANUEL

Los Angeles, Feb. 5.

Tommy Loughran, light heavyweight champion, for the second time defeated Armand Emanuel, San Francisco lawyer-boxer, here to-night. Loughran was floored in the seventh, but finished strong. The title holder won five rounds, Emanuel three and two were even.

—Associated Press.

The Shanghai Interport Rugby team returned to Shanghai on the "Empress of France" yesterday.

The marriage arranged between Mr. Sidney James Edwards, of Colombo, eldest son of Professor and Mrs. Joseph Edwards, of Hillbury, Harrow-on-the-Hill, and Miss Barbara Wing, eldest daughter of Mr. John Clifford Wing and Mrs. Wing of Dryden House, College Fields, Clifton, Bristol, was to take place at home on Jan. 2. Mr. Edwards, who is a partner in Booty and Edwards, was resident for several years in Singapore, when he practised as an architect. He has been in charge of his firm's Colombo branch in recent years.

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WORLD NEWS IN PICTURES.

Miss Cherry Wylmott



The brilliant young comedienne of the New Harvard Musical Comedy Company which is opening at the "Star" Theatre, Kowloon, on Saturday. Additional interest will be centered in the appearance of this Artist, as she is a Hong Kongite.

Tex Rickard



Tex Rickard, the world's greatest boxing promoter who died recently, photographed a few weeks before at Miami Beach with his wife, just after he had finished a round of golf.

Dempsey's Double from Germany



Max Schmeling, Germany's heavy weight boxing champion, who bears a close resemblance to Jack Dempsey, the former world champion. He is about Dempsey's weight, packs a punch in either hand and is reputed to be able to take punishment.

Call o' the Wild!



The Arctic is calling and Captain Robert A. (Bob) Bartlett, famous explorer, is ready to answer. He has been preparing for another four-years' stay in the sleet-driven wastes of the frozen North to gather magnetic and meteorological data in the Polar Basin.

Elopement



Miss Jane Johnson, the adopted daughter of Mr. Joseph Johnson, a millionaire merchant, whose elopement with a 25-years-old salesman, has amazed Connecticut society folk. The couple were married on New Year's Day.

Her Two Sons Dead



Mrs. C. H. Twiss, of Toronto, arrived home an hour after her husband, Dr. Charles Henry Twiss, a British doctor, killed his two sons in a fit of insanity. A blow to that effect later was uttered by her.

Strangler Goes to the Mat



Big Ed (Strangler) Lewis, the wrestling champion, prior to his match with Gus Sonnenburg, a former Dartmouth (U.S.A.) football star, in a Boston arena.

President of Scientists



Mr. Robert Andrews Milliken, the California physicist, who was elected President of the American Society for the Advancement of Science. He is shown in Norman Bridge Laboratory of Physics at the California Institute of Technology of which he is director.

Aeroplane Lays a Gas Barrage

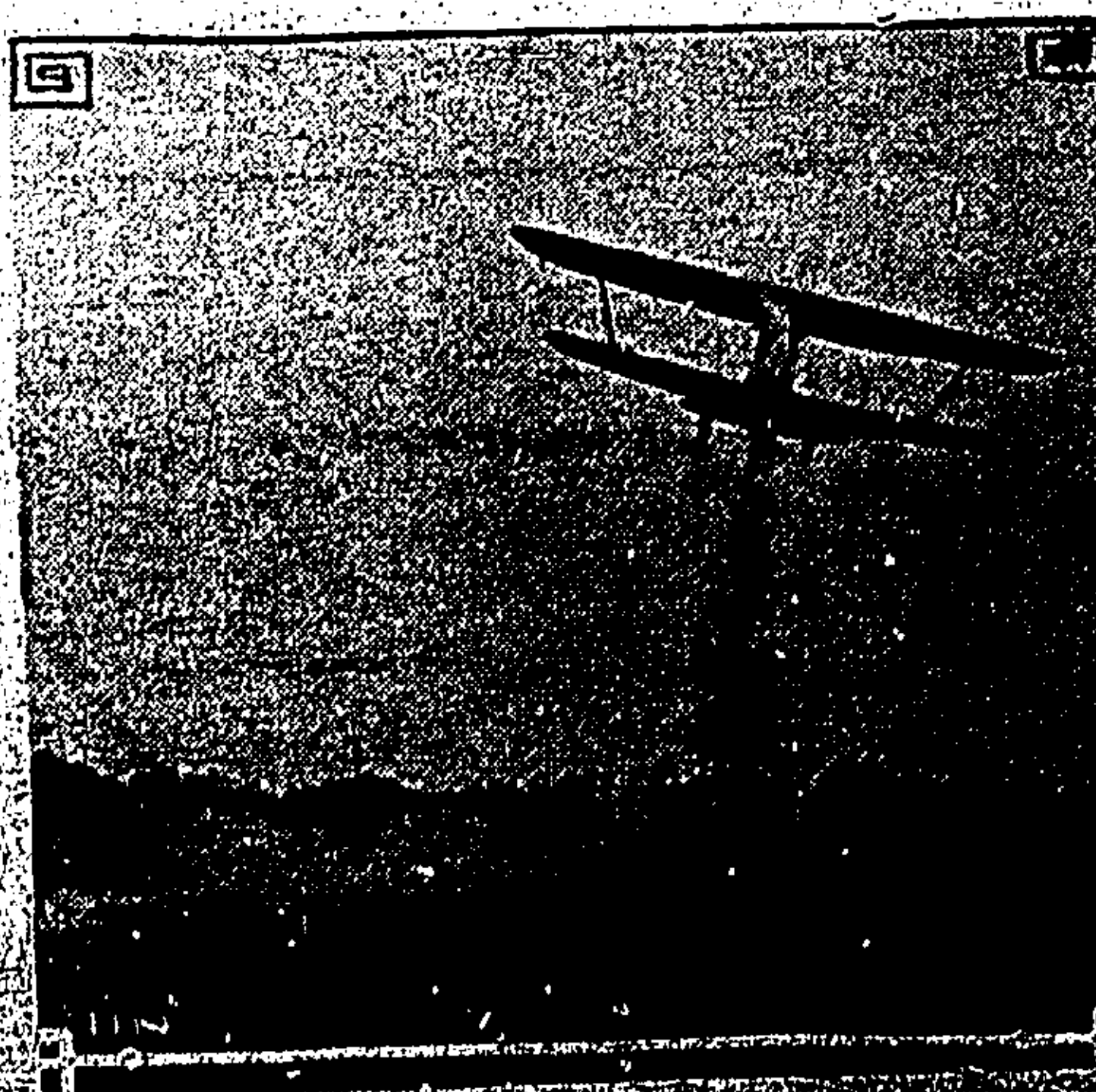


Photo shows an aeroplane laying a gas barrage over a landscape. The plane is seen from a low angle, flying over a field of crops.

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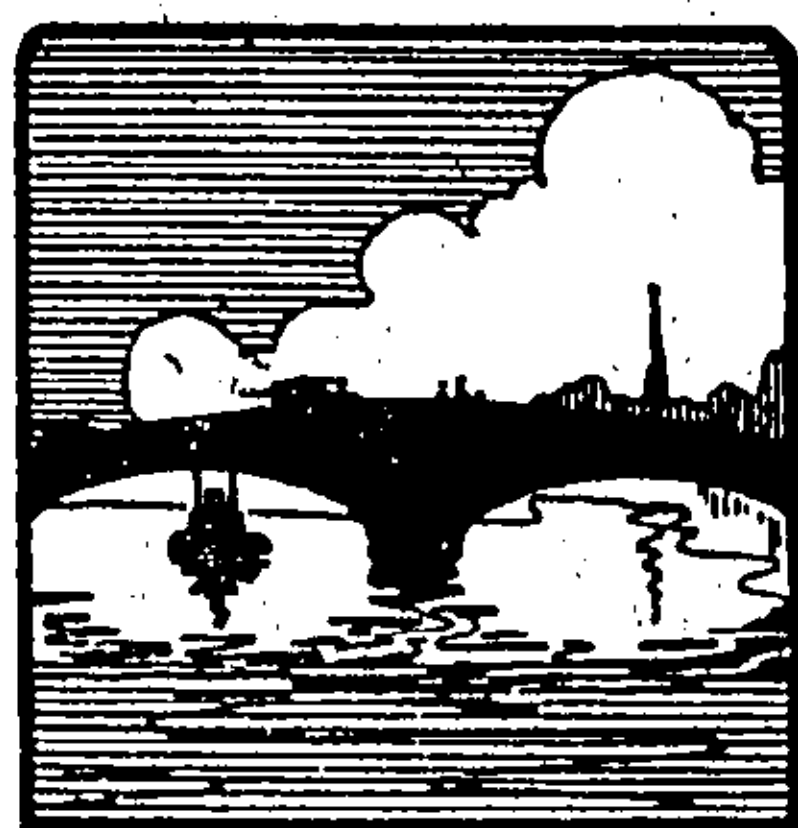
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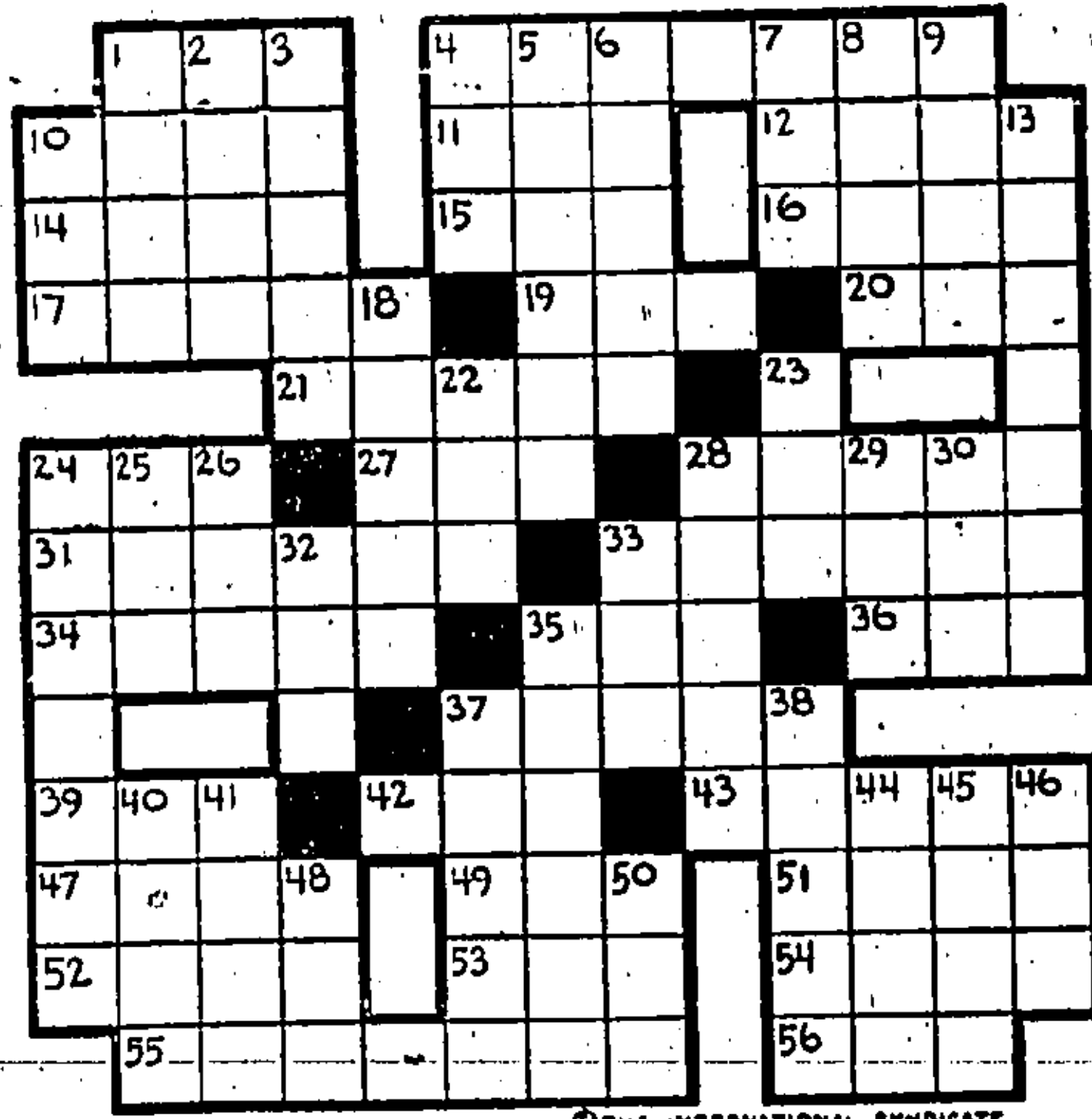
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DAILY CROSS-WORD PUZZLE.

(This cross-word puzzle has been made by an expert
but our readers are warned to look out for occasional
phonetic spellings, such as harbor, plow, and altho.)



©THE INTERNATIONAL SYNDICATE.

HORIZONTAL

- 1-Strife
- 4-In present
- 10-Challenge
- 11-Anger
- 12-Verbal
- 14-Grows old
- 15-Hurried
- 16-Domesticated
- 17-Animal flesh (pl.)
- 19-System
- 20-Came together
- 21-Rock
- 24-Playing card
- 27-Public notices (abbr.)
- 28-Sew loosely
- 31-Building for automobiles
- 33-More moral
- 34-Wed
- 35-Western State (abbr.)
- 36-Affirmative

HORIZONTAL (Cont.)

- 37-A nobleman
- 39-Dread
- 42-Pale
- 43-Collie up
- 47-Spreads
- 48-Undermine
- 51-Attention
- 52-A lake
- 53-Girl's name
- 54-Sand furth
- 55-Everlasting
- 56-A corded fabric

VERTICAL

- 1-Balary
- 2-Exhibit
- 3-Reclines
- 4-Make public
- 5-Teaches
- 6-Taut
- 7-In no manner
- 8-Liquid measure
- 9-Identical

VERTICAL (Cont.)

- 10-Check
- 13-Missives
- 14-Platform
- 22-Poem
- 23-Head covering
- 24-Str
- 25-Vehicle
- 26-Time period
- 28-Under
- 29-Pan
- 30-Golf term
- 32-Consumed
- 33-Prohibit
- 35-American country
- 37-Watershed
- 38-Finer
- 40-Existed
- 41-To correct
- 44-Nominate
- 45-Drop
- 46-Place
- 48-Perceive
- 50-Accomplish

(The solution of the above cross-word puzzle will
appear in to-morrow's issue along with a new cross-word
puzzle.)

STORY OF QUININE

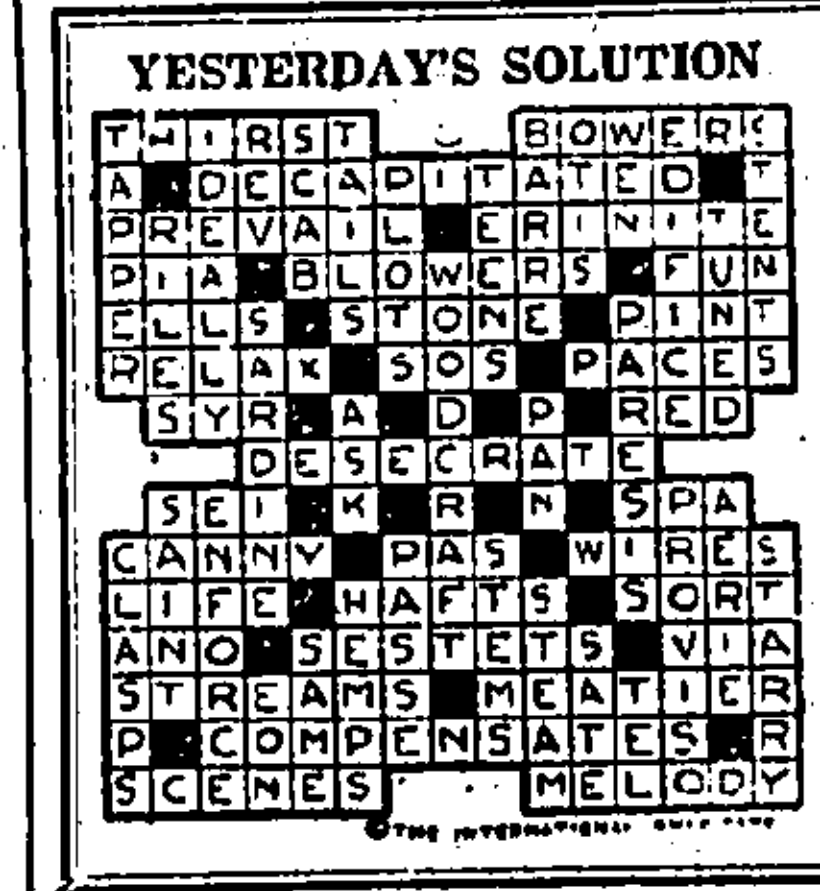
(Continued from Page 9.)

Thomson, a merchant of Antwerp. Brady, then professor of physics at Cambridge, was one of the first to prescribe it, and Willis observes it as coming into daily use, but its general introduction seems to have been largely due to Robert Talbor, who may be said to have made his name and fortune by exploiting it as a secret remedy.

Robert Talbor, or Talbot as he was sometimes called, had a remarkable and interesting career. He was born in 1642, and after leaving school was apprenticed to Mr. Dear, an apothecary of Cambridge. Although entered as a sizar at St. John's College for five years, there is no evidence that he ever graduated. About 1671 he settled in Essex to practise medicine, where, he says, "I planted myself near the seashore where agues are the epidemic diseases." In the following year he published a little book called "Pyretologia, a rational account of the cause and cure of Agues," in which he makes reference to his secret remedy for the fever, and states that it consisted of four ingredients, "two indigenous and two exotic." He alludes to Peruvian bark as follows:—

"Let me advise the world to beware of palliative cures and especially of that known as Jesuit's Powder, as it is given by unskilful hands. Yet this powder is not altogether to be condemned, for it is a noble and safe medicine and it rightly prepared and corrected, and administered by a skilful hand, otherwise as pernicious a medicine as can be taken."

Talbor's reputation soon increased, and he removed to London, where he set up his sign next door to Gray's Inn Gate in Holborn. The results of his treatment brought him rapid success, and after having cured the daughter of Lady Mordaunt of an attack of fever, he was summoned to Windsor to the Charles II. who had been seized with the same complaint. He was fortunate in being able to restore the King to health, and so secured the royal favour. Talbor was not a licentiate of the College of Physicians and had no qualification to practise, so, to save him from attacks from that quarter, the King caused a letter to be written to the College, restraining that body from interfering with him in his practice in London. On July 27, 1672, he was appointed physician



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to the King, and later on received the honour of knighthood at Whitehall. By a patent issued under the Privy Seal dated August 7, 1673, Sir Robert Talbor was granted an annuity of £100, together with the profits and privileges appertaining to a Physician-in-Ordinary to the Sovereign. Evelyn, in his diary, on August 20, 1679, states that he had

"conversed with the Marquis of Normandy concerning the Quinquina, which the physicians would not give the King at a time when he was in a dangerous ague. It was the only thing that could cure him (out of envy, because it had been brought into vogue by Mr. Talbor, an Apothecary) until Mr. Short to whom the King sent to know his opinion of it, privately sent word to the King, that it was the only thing that could save his life, and then the King enjoined the physicians to give it to him, which they did and he recovered."

"From this it would appear that the active ingredient in Talbor's remedy was more than suspected at that time."

In 1679 Talbor visited Spain, and on his return through France stayed for some time in Paris, where he soon became a prominent personage. Madame de Sevigne alludes to him several times in her "Letters," and remarks, "Nothing is talked of here but the Englishman and his cures." In November, 1680, when the Dauphin was seized with an attack of fever, Talbor who had made influential friends at the French Court, was called in and undertook to treat him. Madame de Sevigne says, "the King, Louis XIV., insisted on Talbor preparing his wine in his presence before giving it to the Prince." The treatment was eminently successful and the Dauphin soon recovered. Talbor was made a Chevalier, but the King, determined to learn his secret, eventually induced him, for a sum of 2,000 louis d'or and an annuity of 2,000 livres, to reveal his method of treatment and the formula for his remedy, which, however, was not to be published until after his death.

After a further visit to Spain, where he cured the Queen of an attack of fever, Talbor returned to London, where he died shortly afterwards, in 1681, at the early age of 40. He was buried at Trinity Church, Cambridge.

The formula for his remedy was published in England in 1682 under the title "The English Remedy or Talbor's Wonderful Secret for Curing of Agues and Fevers." According to this book he used several preparations of the bark. The first consisted of a strong infusion of the bark with a decoction of aniseed and juice of parsley, and after a day or two as much claret wine was to be added. This was allowed to stand for eight days and the liquid then strained off. He then made an infusion with the residue of the first one with equal parts of fresh bark in powder. This was again macerated with more claret for ten days, and after being strained, formed the wine he generally administered. He also used a tincture, which he made by macerating two ounces of Peruvian bark in eight ounces of spirit of wine for fifteen days. It is interesting to note that this preparation is practically the same strength as the tincture of cinchona of the British Pharmacopoeia to-day. To it he would sometimes add red roses, lemon juice, fennel-root juice, smallage leaves, or parsley, and, when he thought necessary, a small quantity of tincture of opium. These were the preparations of cinchona, all excellent of their kind, by means of which Talbor became famous throughout Europe.

During the last illness of Charles II the bark was again administered to him twice. According to the record, on February 1684, "His physicians hearing that a species of intermittent fever was raging all over the city, which commenced with severe convulsions but which was speedily cured by the use of Peruvian bark at intervals, they all agreed to administer it to the King, and draughts were prepared of the bark in powder with Syrup of Cloves and given in small doses throughout the day."

There is an interesting bill in the British Museum, dated 1675, in which Dr. Charles Goodall offers to sell at the "Coach and Horses" in the Physicians' College in Warwick Lane—

"a superlative sort of Jesuits bark ready powdered and papered into doses, at 4s. per ounce or 43 per pound, and for the excellency and efficacy of this particular Bark enquire of Dr. Morton in Gray Friers."

or four years ago the best might be had for 40s. the pound, Sir R. Talbor observing that Febrifuges were prepared which came very near his own, and fearing that least somebody at length might discover it, resolved to buy up all the Quinquina that he could find in Paris, and the chief towns of England and France"—a wise proceeding on his part.

About 1675 Peruvian bark was accepted into the domain of regular medicine, and in 1677 it first appeared officially in the London Pharmacopoeia under the name of "Cortex Peruanus."

With reference to the preparations of the drug, mention should be made of Dr. John Huxham, who was the originator of the well-known compound tincture of cinchona, the formula for which he published in his "Essay on Fevers" in 1755, and which was first included in the London Pharmacopoeia of 1788.

We are indebted to the French for the early botanical studies on cinchona. The first attempt to transport any plants to Europe was made by La Condamine in 1743. He was assisted in his pioneer investigations in Peru by Joseph de Jussieu, who, after fifteen years of laborious work, was robbed of his valuable collection of plants, a circumstance which so affected him that he lost his reason.

In 1742 Linnaeus established the genus Cinchona, and in 1753 first described the species Cinchona officinalis, which he so named in honour of the Countess of Chinchon.

The reckless manner in which the natives of Peru collected the bark at this time, often destroying the trees, while making no attempt to plant new ones, suggested that there would soon be a shortage of the valuable drug. This possibility aroused attention in Europe, and prompted serious efforts to cultivate the tree on a large scale in countries where the climatic conditions were suitable. In 1839 Royle strongly advocated the introduction of cinchona into India, and after a long delay this was carried out through the efforts of Sir Clements Markham, but not, however, before the Dutch had commenced the cultivation of the trees in Java.

The success which attended the latter enterprise was chiefly due to Charles Ledger, a Londoner born in Bucklersbury, whose story is not without an element of romance. After travelling in South America in the employment of the New South Wales Government buying alpacas, he succeeded in obtaining, through a native servant, some seeds of the Cinchona calimayana from Bolivia. Owing to the jealousy of the natives, who became enraged, he was afterwards so ill-treated that he died from the effects. Ledger sent the seeds to his brother in England, who first offered them to the British Government, but the offer was not entertained. He then sold half of them to a Ceylon planter, and the remainder to the Dutch Government for about £38. From these seeds 20,000 plants were raised in Java, and so the great industry, from which millions of money have since been made, was founded.

Until the beginning of the nineteenth century cinchona bark was still used in its crude state, although several unavailing attempts had been made to discover its active principles. It was not until 1810 that Gomez of Lisbon succeeded in unlocking the secrets of the bark and isolated its basic properties, which he called "cinchonino." A few years later Pelletier and Caventou, the French chemists, set out to study the whole chemistry of cinchona, and in 1820 they were able to prove that the "cinchonino" consisted of two distinct alkaloids, one of which they called "quinine" and the other "cinchonine." The next advance was made by Henry and Delondre, who in 1833 isolated quinine. This was followed by the discovery of cinchonidine by Winckler in 1844, while Pasteur produced the alkaloidal derivatives cinchonidine and quinine.

Since the discovery of quinine thirty alkaloids have been found to occur naturally in cinchona barks, and from these there have been many derivatives. Quinine, the most important of the cinchona bases, possesses the most powerful febrifuge properties of all, and is capable of completely neutralizing acids and forming crystallizable salts.

The sulphate, at one time so largely employed in medicine, is now being superseded to some extent by the more soluble salts, such as the disulphate, the hydrochloride, and the hydrobromide, all of which are much more soluble in water.

Thus briefly in outline is the history of cinchona, a drug that has proved of inestimable value to mankind, and one that has provided the medical practitioner with the most effective and reliable weapon in his armamentarium for the treatment of malarial and intermittent fevers.

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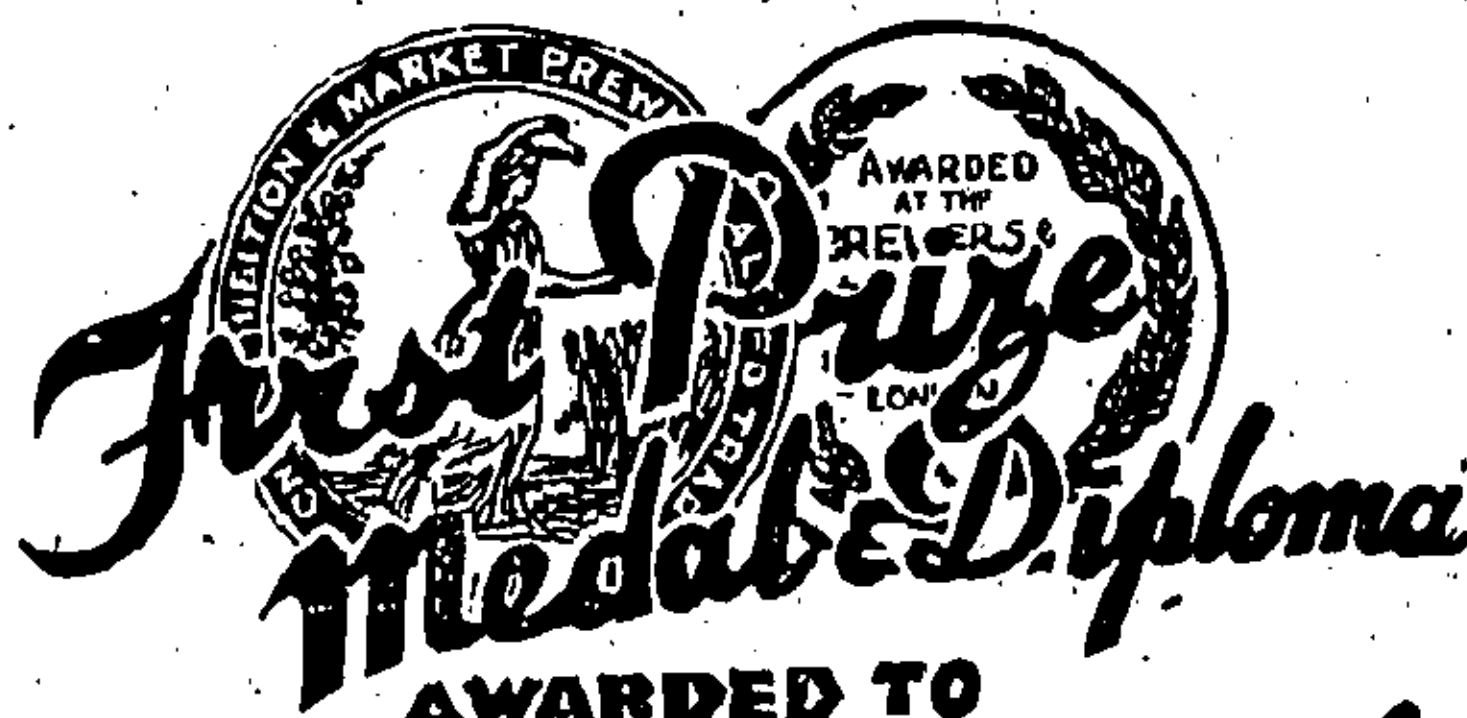
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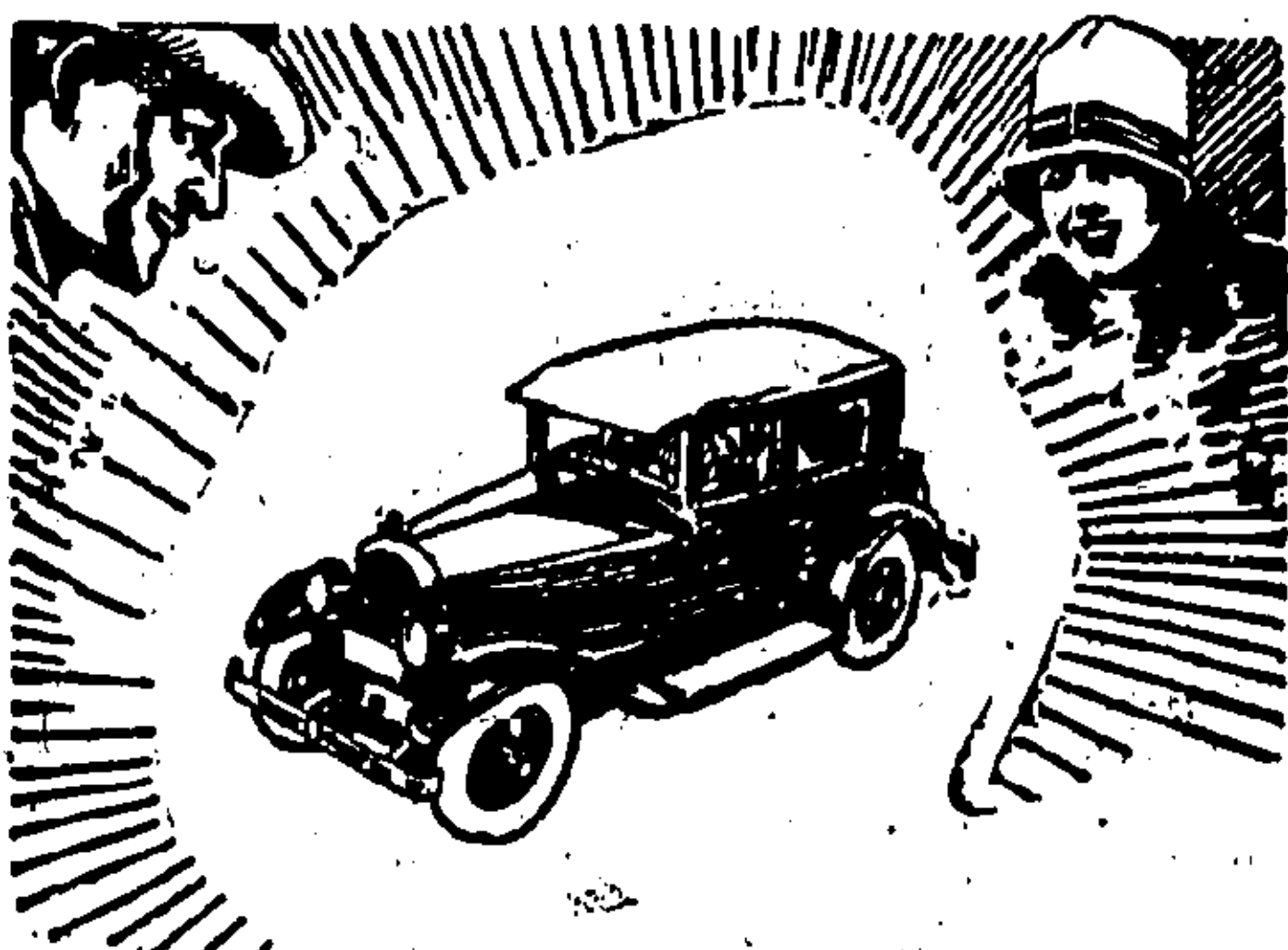
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engineering and craftsmanship,
the new Imperial, the largest and
finest car Chrysler builds.

The new Imperial comes in nine
custom body styles of exclusive
Chrysler design. An entire plant,
acquired by Chrysler some time
ago, is devoted to the one task of
building custom Imperial bodies.
In this plant the sedan limousine,
town sedan, five and seven passen-
ger sedans are built. The five
other custom body styles—the
roadster, convertible coupe and
two-passenger coupe, all of which
have rumble seats, the sport phaeton
and seven-passenger touring
—are built to Chrysler design by
one of the leading custom body
carrossiers.

In announcing the car, J. W.
Frazer, Chrysler sales manager,
remarks:

"The new Imperial is the fullest
development of the many features
that have contributed so material-
ly to Chrysler's outstanding suc-
cess of the last five years, to
which are now added many en-
tirely new developments and re-
finements. These new features
contribute not only to the car's
fine appearance but also to its
performance. We feel that the
new Imperial is the finest car we
have ever built, and that those
who appreciate truly excellent
motor cars will share in our en-
thusiasm when they have had op-
portunity to examine and to prove
it.

From New Laboratories

"The new Imperial fully illus-
trates the considerable extent to
which the research laboratory is
influencing motor car design, and
the large part that scientific in-
formation from the laboratory has
contributed in marked betterment
in performance.

"No small part of the finer en-
gineering, design and comfort
that have gone into it is the result
of experiment and research made
possible by the completely new
engineering laboratories which
Mr. Chrysler recently opened and
dedicated to Chrysler engineers,
and which are generally regarded
as the finest and most completely
equipped of their kind in the
automobile industry.

"Chrysler engineers have de-
signed and built many fine cars in
the last five years. To-day's new-
est Chrysler creation is the out-
come of the knowledge gained
from those cars, combined with in-
novations and improvements new
even to the field of finest auto-
mobiles. It is built for those who
seek the superlative in power and
performance, in size and richness
of investiture.

"Were it not for the economies
made possible by Chrysler manu-
facturing methods operating
under the policy of Standardised
Quality, the price of this car would
be prohibitively high when judged
by the standards to which it is
built. We feel, however, that its
price is no less unusual than any
other of its features in view of its
fineness and luxury throughout.

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"We are particularly anxious to
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of an outstandingly fine motor car.
We are confident that such a test
will convince them of capabilities far
beyond anything they have
hitherto known."

"The new Imperial is larger ap-
pearing than any previous Chrys-
ler and even more luxurious. Its
length, coupled with long springs
anchored in blocks of live rubber,
hydraulic shock absorbers, larger
tyres and rubber engine mount-
ings front and rear, saddle type
cushions and upholstery of un-
usual depth and resiliency, confer
an altogether new degree of rid-
ing softness and comfort. Its em-
blem is the Roman fasces, a
bundle of rods having among
them an axe with the blade pro-
tecting. A similar emblem was
used in those old Roman days to
denote the presence of Kings or
Consuls. The fact that the fasces
since that time have indicated the
approach of something demanding
respect and homage makes it es-
pecially suitable as the emblem for
the new Imperial. Mr. Frazer
points out.

Features of Chrysler's new
style that re-style all motor cars
have also reached their highest
types.

expression in this car, he con-
tinues. The slender profile chro-
mium-plated radiator shell with
integral automatic shutter, the
arched window silhouette and
other new details are all included.
All glass throughout is non-shat-
terable, giving the driver and pas-
sengers added security.

The "Silver Dome" type of high
compression engine, operating
with standard duels, is standard
on all models.

Many Mechanical Features
Many mechanical features are
in evidence. Pistons are Chrys-
ler's special Iso-therm tongue and
groove Invar strut type, with five
rings. Valves are special steel.
The crankcase ventilation system
lengthens the useful life of oil and
minimizes the dangers from
vapours. Special crankshaft
counter-weighting and the torsion
neutralizer enhance smoothness of
engine performance and minimize
torsional reactions.

Hydraulic four wheel brakes are
internal expanding, with their
consequent freedom from dirt,
dust and water, and have an auto-
matic refill for the master cylin-
der. The clutch is of the single
plate, cushion drive type, which
Chrysler has developed so suc-
cessfully. Springs are anchored in
blocks of live rubber and protect-
ed from water and mud by tailor-
ed boots. Combined with special
rubber mountings at the engine's
front and rear, they contribute to
a restful softness and quietness of
mechanical action outstanding
even among the world's finest
motor cars.

A salient feature of the new car
is the striking individuality of
each body style. The custom idea
is everywhere evidenced. In body
trim and upholstery many options
are offered in broadcloths, French
Bedford cords, mohairs and lea-
thers. Wheels in wood are stand-
ard, but may be had in the wire,
disc or demountable wood type. A
wide range of colour combinations
to suit the wishes of each indi-
vidual owner is provided.

Inspection of the interiors re-
veals that the back of the front
seat is straight across in the
sedan and sedan-limousine. This
permits the use of flat glass parti-
tions, creating a distinct chauff-
eur's compartment and obviating
the light reflections which often
annoy rear seat occupants at
night. This construction also per-
mits utilising the entire width of
door openings, both front and
rear, for easy entrance and exit.

Other appointments include
narrow corner pillars, affording
great vision; ample headroom
combined with unusually comfort-
able seat design; driver's seat
back adjustable forward or back-
ward to the requirements of each
individual driver by the move-
ment of a simple control; spark,
throttle and light controls on the
steering wheel—long a Chrysler
feature; newly designed instru-
ment panel; ventilators built into
both sides of the cowl, and an
ignition lock which automatically
cuts off ignition and acts as an
efficient theft prevention device.

LEYLAND VEHICLES

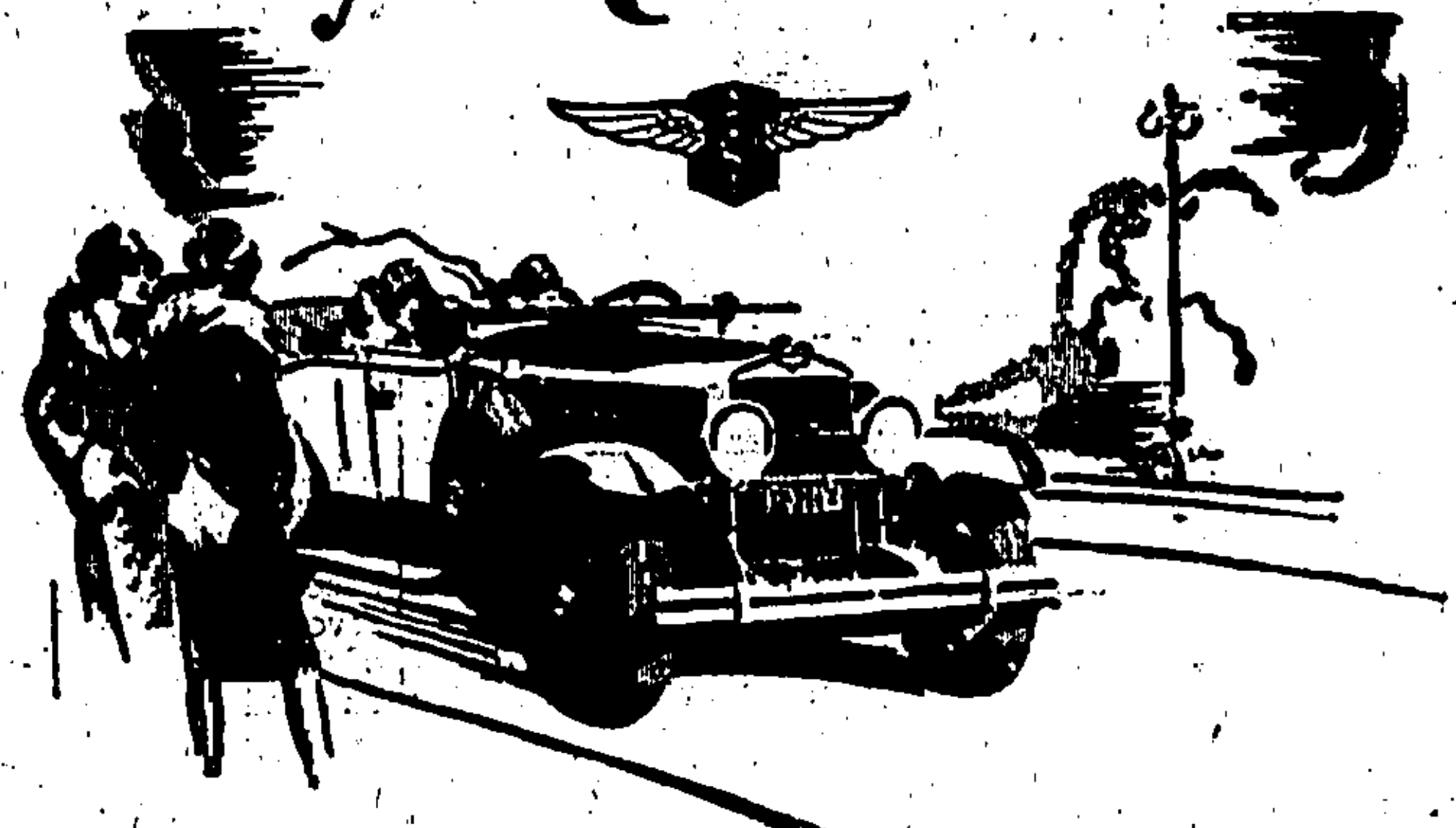
MUNICIPAL ORDERS
SECURED ABROAD

It will be recalled that owing to
the increased demand for Leyland
vehicles in India, the Company
recently increased its direct re-
presentation by sending Mr. J.
Imman Emery to Bombay, where
he is acting as assistant to Mr.
Rostrom, the Company's represen-
tative resident in Calcutta.

It is interesting to note that
both the Municipalities of Cal-
cutta and Bombay have again fa-
voured Leyland Motors, Ltd., with
their instructions for further
municipal vehicles. These in-
structions include 21 machines for
Calcutta and four for Bombay.
The type selected by both author-
ities is the Company's well-known
5-tonner, fitted with the latest de-
tachable-head 34.3 h.p. engine.
In the case of the former Muni-
cipality, all the vehicles are to be
equipped with hydraulic tipping
gear and hydraulic jib cranes, but
in the latter case the equipment
is limited to hydraulic tipping
gear on three of the machines
only.

Amongst other orders for Muni-
cipal vehicles for the Far East are
a street washer and a sprinkler
with a 750-gallon tank, mount-
ed on a 50-cwt. chassis for the
Municipality of Malacca, and a
number of 40-cwt. and 4-ton
lorries for the Municipality of
Singapore, the majority of which
are to be fitted with tipping gear
both of the 2-way and end-tipping
types.

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erates more quickly than any other car. It responds to the
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and zealous servant—always ready to do more than you
really require, and doing it more smoothly and willingly
because of its 90-degree, V-type, eight cylinder engine.

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and has a piston displacement of
175 cubic inches.

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balanced. Special alloy aluminium
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develops 62 brake horsepower at
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crank pins, camshaft, water-pump
shaft and valve lifters, and the
chassis is lubricated by pressure oil
gun.

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power-failing supply of fuel, regard-
less of length or steepness of grade,
or throttle opening. Special intake
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carburetion efficiency by evenly
distributing the fuel mixture to all
cylinders.

"In the construction of the body,
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teriors are beautifully appointed.
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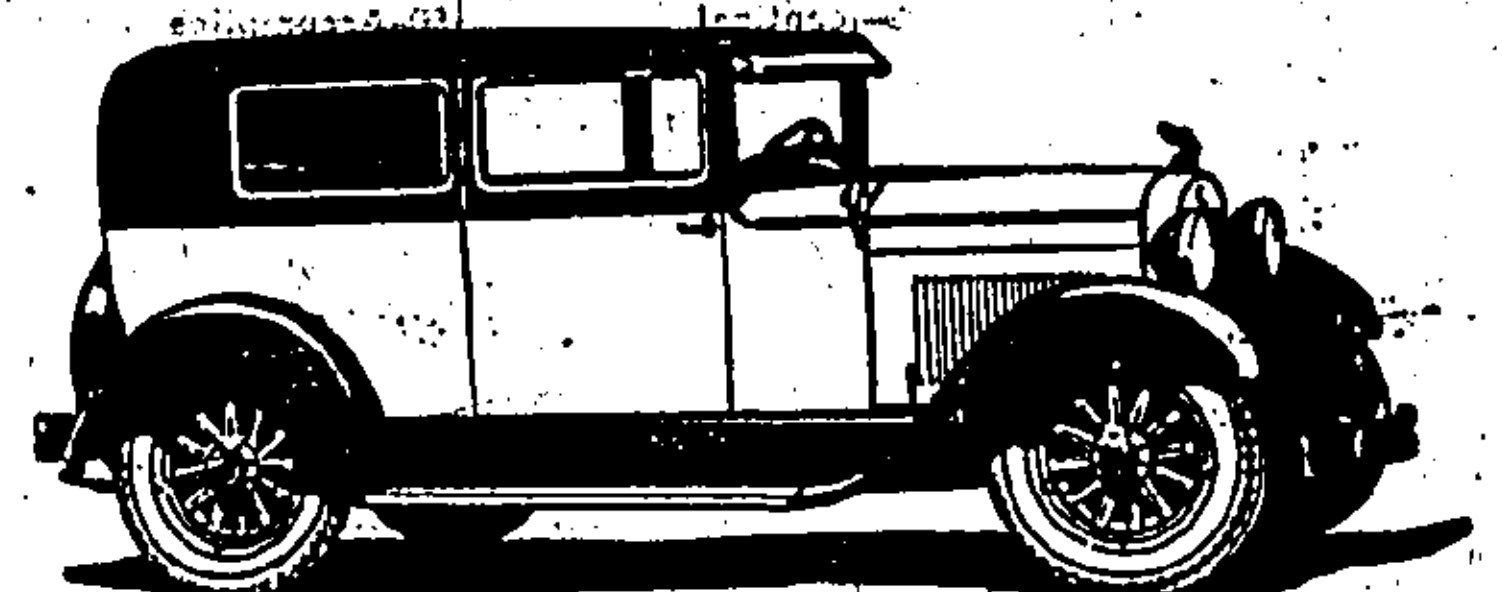
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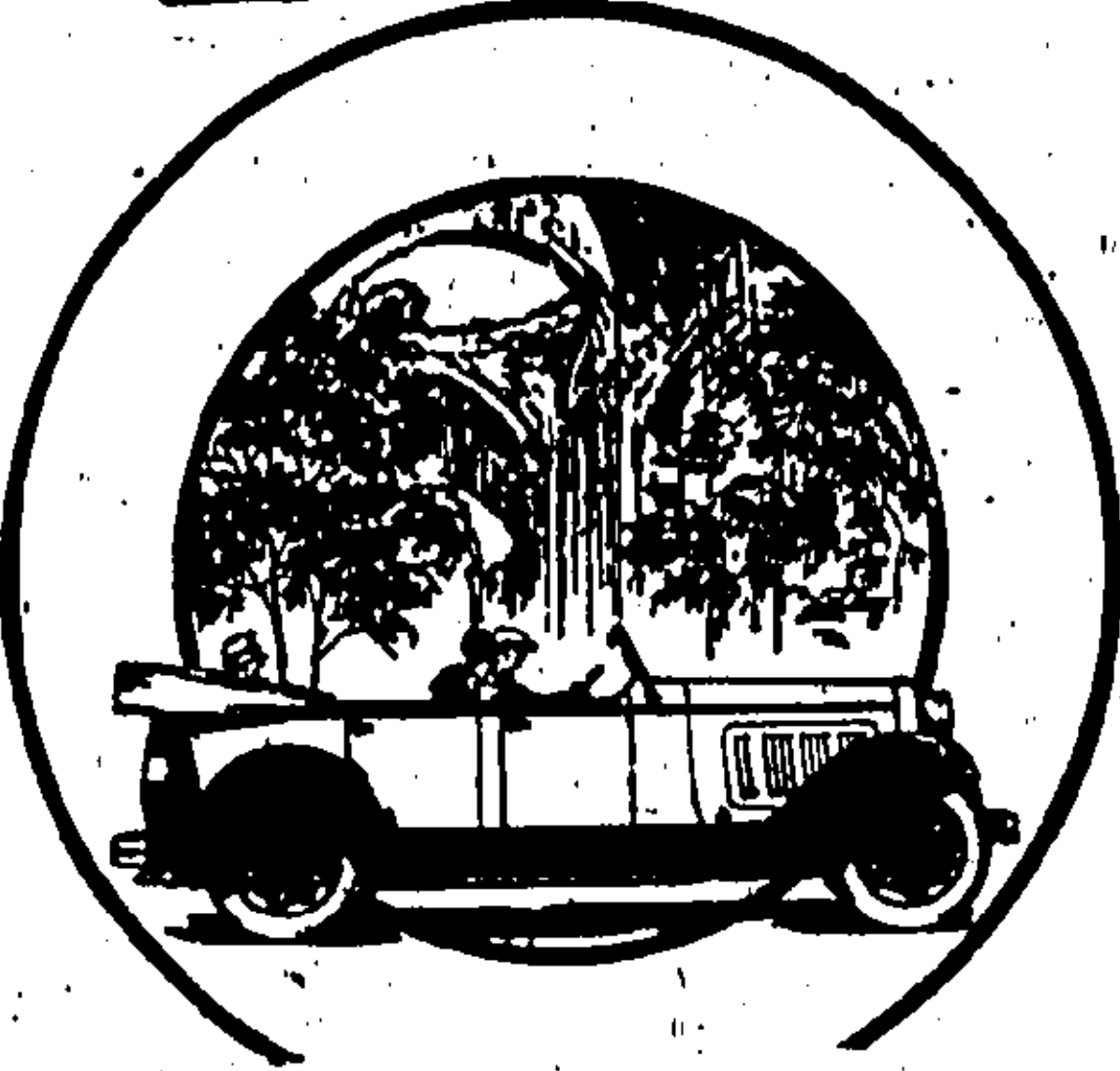
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Striking improvements in the construction and design of Dodge Brothers Improved Victory Six reveal a larger body and an even more splendid sweep of its unusually long, low, graceful lines.

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TRAFFIC PERILS

STEAM ROLLERS AS TERRORS

While the matter is sub-judice we hesitate to write much about that terrible accident which befell three Europeans recently in Singapore, resulting in the death of one, and in severe injury to two others. It will be recollected that the evidence so far given to us seemed to show that a motor car was being driven rather fast along a certain road on a moonlight night, and that the motor car collided at full speed with a stationary steam-roller and moved the latter two inches. So far this is all the evidence that we have seen. We shall await full details about the proceedings which are being instituted against the unfortunate owner-driver of the smashed Morris Cowley car, and must in the meantime postpone all comment.

But are we in Penang in danger of something of the sort happening? On the coast road, just beyond the 42nd milestone, we passed a steam-roller which had one red lamp so placed that it was difficult (if not impossible) to see it when approaching it from the Tanjong Pagar side. The steam-roller was drawn up on the left of the road, and the light was easily visible to motorists coming from George Town; but to these the roller was not a menace; only for those who would be likely to collide with the steam-roller was the solitary red lamp so placed as to be almost invisible. Surely this is a very dangerous way of protecting a steam-roller, especially in view of the Singapore tragedy?

There is another matter which needs attention. The rear lights on some bullock carts, (but only of those plying for public hire), are a source of danger to all other traffic using the roads. We passed a motor bus, the rear light of which was only a candle protected by some red cloth. The authorities are particular enough about frosting the lights of motor cars which are driven by, and belong to, well-to-do citizens and those with traffic sense; why are they not more particular about these public pests which ply for hire? When lamps are examined we would suggest that it is just as important to look at the back of a motor car as at the front, and to be especially careful of any vehicle that plies for hire.—"Straits Echo."

SOUTHPORT CASHES IN

Southport has set an example which might well be followed by other big municipal authorities, says "The Light Car and Cyclecar." It has, on the one hand, a thoroughly go-ahead town council, which encourages motor sport not only for its own sake, but for the profit it brings to the town, and, on the other hand, a vigorous organization in the Southport Motor Club, which is capable of planning and carrying out a highly successful series of race meetings on the sands. The Southport Town Council has, further, shown its interest in the welfare of one of the greatest British industries of the day by welcoming and heartily co-operating in the organization of the great motor rally held this year.

One member of the town council who has kept records estimates that their pro-motor racing policy, on a moderate basis, has brought the

MOTORING IN SIAM

THE LATEST TRAFFIC ORDER

On wonders whether the latest order of the Commissioner of Police is going to do anything towards reducing the noise question in Bangkok. The order is to the effect that the police are to keep a special watch for drivers of taxicabs who drive too fast or who are causing public nuisance by excessive horn blowing. Such offenders are to be sent to headquarters for attention and admonition, says the Bangkok correspondent of the "Free Press," Singapore.

To the layman it seems as though every driver in Bangkok should appear before the Commissioner for horn offences, deposit five ticals as an admission of his guilt, and promise to pay double that amount on his next appearance. This, judging by the spirit of emulation which appears to exist among the horn blowing fraternity, a society one automatically becomes a member of on becoming possessed of a driving licence, should not be long deferred. But doubling the previous fine for each fresh appearance before the Commissioner, would speedily reduce the horn blowers if not to impotence, then to a more reasonable interpretation of the normal functions of a horn or electric buzzer.

THEY PULL THROUGH

GRAHAM TRUCKS POWER PLENTIFUL

During the past two years Mr. Grady Garms of Little Rock, Ark., has been operating six Graham Brothers Trucks on street paving work—hauling dry mix material to the mixer.

Mr. Garms relies upon his Graham Brothers Trucks for reliable performance in severe service as the following statement from his recent letter proves: "These Graham Brothers Trucks are very dependable; they carry their rated loads regardless of road conditions and are remarkably economical to operate and maintain."

Graham Brothers Trucks have always been famed for their ability to maintain schedules and pull with certainty even in the hardest going. But now they possess those qualities in still greater measure than ever before—they are equipped with Dodge Brothers new motors and are thus speedier and more powerful than ever before.

The phrase "pulling through" has a dollar-and-cents meaning for users of Graham Brothers Trucks. Owners in practically every line of business have proved by actual tests in their work that these trucks serve at low cost and with certainty.

town from \$3,000 to \$4,000 worth of advertising, which has not cost them a penny. This, of course, is viewing the matter in a purely commercial spirit, but it should convince other municipalities that motor sport is not only worth while for its own sake, but because it brings affluence to any centre in which it is vigorously fostered. This year it is more than probable that there will be a greater number of sporting and social events in different parts of the country. We trust that their promoters will receive from local authorities the same help and support which Southport has so profitably extended.

SINGER PROGRAMME

AIM AT IMPROVING "BREED"

NO PRICE WAR

The most noticeable thing about the Singer 1929 programme is that the manufacturers have decided not to enter into the price-war which is alleged to be raging between some concerns. In fact, as Mr. W. E. Bullock, the Managing Director, said at a recent agents' meeting, they have aimed at improving the breed rather than at reducing the price. He pointed out, also, that the extra foot of wheel-base in the Singer Junior (the Junior is 7 ft. 6 in. against the 6 ft. 6 in. and less of certain other light cars) just provided that extra room which makes all the difference.

In the cases of the Junior 2-seater and saloon, the prices have been reduced \$5, these cars now costing \$135 and \$160 respectively at home. There is no change in the cost of two other models, but the majority show a slight increase. This is due to the all-round improvements which have been effected as regards both chassis and body-work.

One of the most interesting of the body improvements is in respect of the Sunshine Saloons of all three models—Junior, Senior and Six. This new body can be opened or closed at will, whilst the car is actually in motion. The hood, or head, runs in channels and all that it is necessary to do is to turn a handle to raise or lower it. This handle is situated at the right hand of the driver's seat and can be operated without a reduction of the car's speed.

Amongst the Junior's chassis improvements may be numbered the use of Newton shock absorbers front and rear, a one-piece propeller shaft with fabric discs, aluminium pistons and semi-elliptic rear springs. The engine is of the overhead camshaft type, the capacity being 848 c.c. It has a rating of 7.78 h.p., so that the tax is £8 only.

The actual models are the 2-seater at \$135, the four-seater at \$140, the Saloon at \$160, and the Sunshine Saloon at \$175. There is also an altogether new 2-seater sports model, which sells at \$140. This has a boat-shaped body of very attractive appearance and is equipped with wire wheels. It is considerably faster than the standard 2-seater, having a higher compression ratio, higher gears, etc.

Improvements, again, are seen on all the Senior models. The 2-seater Drop-head Coupe has a new type of body; the four-seater tourer is also of more attractive appearance, whilst the Saloon has wider doors and other refinements. All the Seniors have Triplex glass windcreens, headlamps mounted on a cross member, illuminated switch-board, walnut cappings, improved clutch and propeller shaft, and magneto ignition.

Marles steering and Dewandre Servo-assisted brakes are used as in the past. The actual models and prices are as follows: 4/5-seater tourer, \$230; Coupe, \$240; Saloon, \$260; Sunshine Saloon, \$270. The engine capacity is 1,571 c.c., and the annual tax £12. It is probable that the Senior Saloon, at \$260, will prove to be the most popular of the Singer range.

The engine of the Six has been altogether redesigned and is now of the seven-bearing crankshaft type. Its bore has been increased from 63 to 65.5 m.m., thus raising the capacity from 1,776 to 1,920 c.c.

Improvements have been effected throughout the chassis and bodywork. The most outstanding of these is the use of Luvox central or "one-shot" lubrication. For the owners of a Senior Six there is now no "messing about" with a grease gun; pressure on one lever lubricates everything on the chassis. Another important point is that Triplex glass is used all round. The Coupe and 4/5-seater cost £300 each, as in the past, whilst the Saloon and Sunshine Saloons are listed at \$360.

AS THE NATIVE SEES IT

An amusing story is going round concerning Geoffrey Munro's ride round Australia on an Ariel motorcycle. At one point, out in the wilds, the natives had never, apparently, seen a motorcycle before and they assembled in hordes to see the "picaninny motorcar." The machine was then parked by a "Thornycroft lorry" and the aborigines explained to each other that the Ariel was the lorry's foal. Precisely the same thing is related in Robert Gray's book on Lawrence of Arabia; the Arabs all thought that the Air Force P. and M.s. were the foals of the "Armoured cars." And when the first Handley-Page arrived they came trooping in from all over the district to see "the king of the aeroplanes." "Carbide," in "Motor Cycling,"

MOTOR FILM

USEFUL PROPAGANDA FOR BRITAIN

SHOWING PRODUCTION

The film has proved its value on many occasions, not only as a medium for comedy and dramatic entertainment, but as an educational media, and it is interesting to record that the British Manufacturers' Section of the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders, realising this, has enlisted its aid in an attempt to present to the world a complete and instructive record of the high degree of efficiency to which British automobile engineering has attained.

Scenes have been depicted in many representative and important British motor factories, and as a result the public in all the motor markets of the world will be afforded the opportunity of inspecting "behind the scenes" and will realise the reason why British-made vehicles are so consistently giving reliable service under all conditions in all localities.

The film deals with all steps in the production of the chassis from the reception of the raw material and through the many and varied operations to the assembly plant, and deals not only with the car, but also with the goods and passenger carrying vehicle. An insight is given into the building and fitting of bodies and into the manufacturing of some of the necessary accessories that are indispensable to the modern vehicle. A growing and important section of the Automobile Industry—the motor boat and marine engine—also figures in the pictorial record, while the steam vehicle has also its recorded sphere.

Typical Illustrations
Typical illustrations of the functions performed by mechanical transport in the ordinary life of the community are given and particularly interesting is a portion which shows the six-wheeler negotiating all manner of cross-country obstacles, indicating how extremely useful this type of vehicle is in performing duties which other forms of transport are unable to undertake. The outstanding advantages of the rigid six-wheeler on unmade roads or for cross-country work are becoming more and more recognised and the British Motor Film, in so far as it relates to this type, gives a graphic conception of its adaptability and utility.

The public has occasions, such as at the Motor Exhibitions held in various centres, of inspecting en masse the products of the modern automobile factory, an inspection which cannot fail to arouse a strong appreciation of the wonders of up-to-date automobile engineering. The records of service which British-made vehicles are giving in all parts of the world bear striking testimony, too, to the sterling qualities of British design, material and workmanship. The British Motor Film will afford to the public a unique opportunity of seeing just how the vehicle is constructed and from an educational point of view alone will undoubtedly prove immensely interesting.

It is of sufficient length to do adequate justice to the importance of the subject dealt with and to bring before those who will witness it a complete insight into the manufacture and use of the different forms of motor transport, but to avoid becoming tedious care has been taken to ensure that scenes are not protracted.

The film will shortly be released for general display in Great Britain and Overseas, and it is anticipated that the result will be to stimulate and increase public appreciation of and interest in the British Motor Industry.

Noise and Prejudice
Lord Montagu of Beaulieu, speaking at a recent luncheon given by the Worshipful Company of Coach Makers and Coach Harness Makers, London, said that if the police and the Government were to devote more attention to noise and less to speed it would be better for all concerned. If they would get rid of noise they would get rid of half the dislike which the people who were non-motorists had for motor cars.

Drunken Drivers "Down Under"

Penalties for reckless driving and being drunk in charge of a car in New South Wales, Australia, will be increased from £20 to £100 if an amendment to the Motor Traffic Act, now under consideration, is passed. The amendment also gives power to magistrates to sentence offenders to six months' imprisonment.

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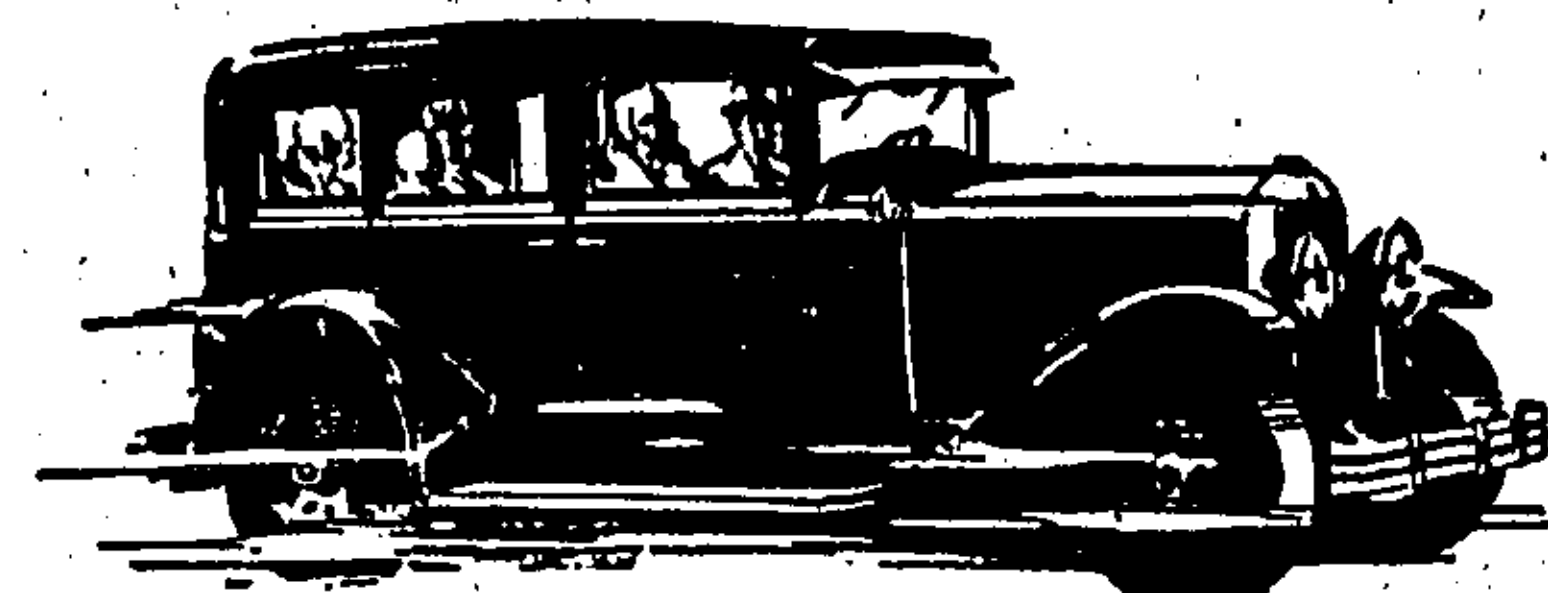
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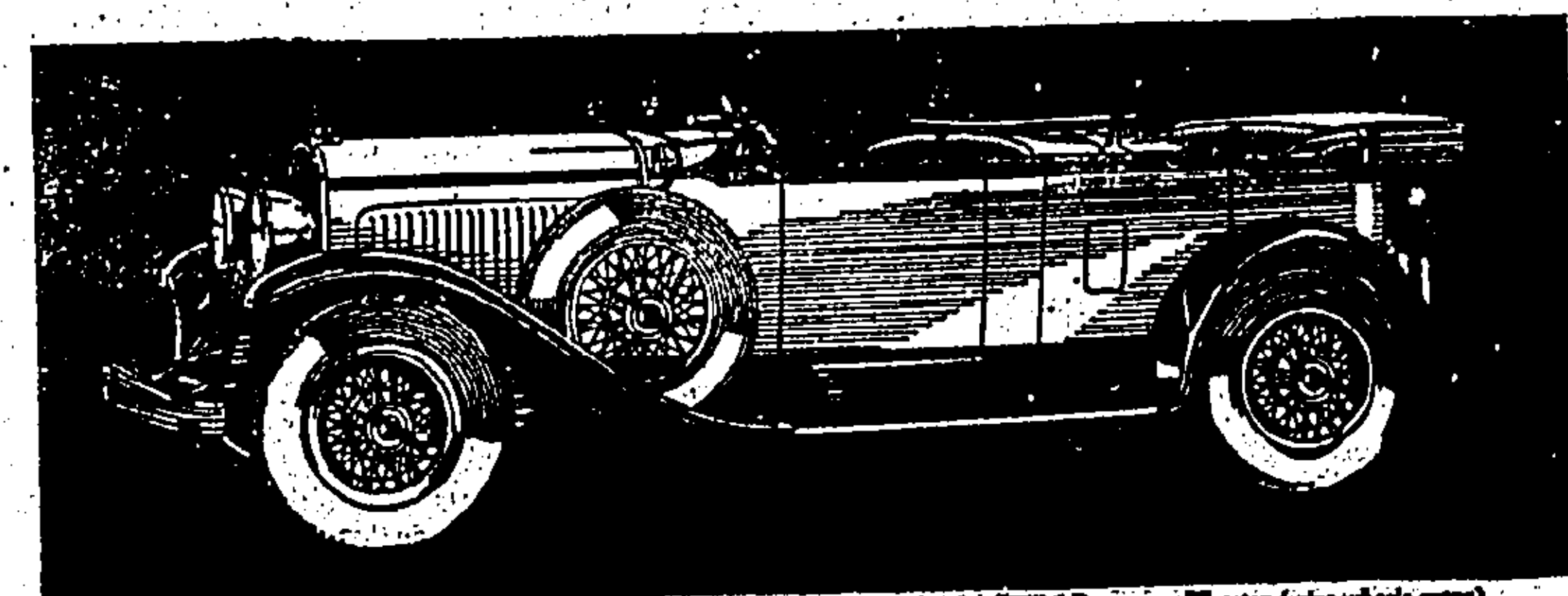
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arched windows and the graceful sweep of the new "air-wing" mud guards—avoidance everywhere of the bulky and cumbersome . . . And with Chrysler's smooth performance, riding luxury and safety—"Silver-Dome" high-compression engine, using any petrol; internal-expanding hydraulic four-wheel brakes, efficient in any weather; and hydraulic shock absorbers . . . Other cars seek to compare themselves with Chrysler in style, performance and value which really do not compare with Chrysler at all. Chrysler's only real competitor is—Chrysler.

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PACIFIC SERVICE.

"KOBE & YOKOHAMA" 21st Feb. Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle
"TYNDAREUS" 5th Mar. Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle

NEW YORK SERVICE.

"LAOMEDON" 10th Apr. New York, Boston & Baltimore
"RHEKNOX" 24th May New York, Boston & Baltimore

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POST OFFICE NOTICE.

RADIO NOTICES.

The Radio Office is now situated on the ground floor of the P. & O. Building on Des Voeux Road, next to the General Post Office. This office is opened day and night.

All particulars as to ships in communication, rates, etc., may be obtained at the Radio Office as above.

Radio Telegrams may be sent to Europe, America, Philippine Islands, Dutch East Indies and many other destinations; also to Canton and many places in South China. Full particulars at the Radio Office.

Individuals and firms are recommended to register their telegraphic addresses at the Radio Office. No charge is made for this.

INWARD MAILS.

From	Per	THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 14.
Saigon	Compeigne	14.
Shanghai and Swatow	Chinkiang	15.
Australia and Manila	Sado Maru	15.
U.S.A., Canada, Japan, Shanghai & Europe	Kashgar	15.
via Siberia (London, 24th-26th Jan.)	President Pierce	16.
SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16.		
Europe via Suez (Letters & Papers, London, 17th Jan. and Parcels, 10th Jan.)	Khiva	16.
Straits	Namsang	17.
SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 17.		
Straits	Hakusan Maru	17.
MONDAY, FEBRUARY 18.		
Japan	Shinyo Maru	18.
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 19.		
Shanghai	Sarpedon	19.
Japan	Kaga Maru	19.

OUTWARD MAILS.

To	Per	THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 14.
Bangkok	Hirundo	3.30 p.m.
Sam Shui and Wuchow	Tai Hing	4.30 p.m.
Saigon	Tsang Woo	4.30 p.m.
FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 15.		
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Halyang	Negon.
Japan	Sado Maru	1.30 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles—due Marseilles, 16th Mar. K.P.O. Parcels (Feb. 15) 4.30 p.m. Registration (Feb. 16) 9 a.m. Letters (Feb. 16) 10 a.m. G.P.O. Parcels (Feb. 15) 5 p.m. Registration (Feb. 16) 9.45 a.m. Letters (Feb. 16) 10.30 a.m.	Kashgar	16.
SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16.		
Haiphong	Song Bo	10 a.m.
Manila	President Pierce	4.30 p.m.
Shanghai and Europe via Siberia Emp. of Australia	6 p.m.	
SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 17.		
Hoihow, Pakhoi and Haiphong	Chinkiang	8.30 a.m.
Shanghai and Japan	Khiva	9 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa	Canton Maru	9 a.m.
MONDAY, FEBRUARY 18.		
Bangkok via Swatow	Kyong	10.30 a.m.
Shanghai and Japan	Hakusan Maru	10.30 a.m.
Haiphong	Compeigne	10.30 a.m.

*Correspondence bearing vessel's name only.

MEAN THEFT

ROBBING AN AMAH IN DAYLIGHT

BIRCH FOR A RUFFIAN

To Lum (19), unemployed and of no fixed abode, this morning pleaded "guilty" before Mr. R. E. Lindsell, at the Central Magistracy, to a charge of robbery with violence of a gold and jade earring from an amah employed at No. 37, Caine-road, second floor.

The amah was walking in Babington-path at about 5.30 p.m., yesterday when she was suddenly seized by the accused who threw her to the ground and stripped her of the earring, worth \$10.

Whilst the accused and the amah were struggling on the ground, a European couple appeared on the scene, whereupon the thief bolted, having succeeded in removing only one of the amah's earring.

The Europeans gave chase and kept the thief in sight until he ran into the arms of a Shantung constable.

His Worship passed sentence of nine months' hard labour and 20 strokes of the birch.

Detective Sergeant Clempo, of No. 7, Police Station, was the prosecuting officer.

ROWDY STRIKERS

DRIVER STONED IN MELBOURNE

Melbourne, Yesterday. Strikers in the timber dispute here have stoned the driver of a timber wagon. One of the demonstrators was arrested after a long chase during which the police fired over the head of the fugitive. Eleven firms in Sydney are advertising for free labour.—Reuter.

BOXING

TOMMY LOUGHRAN DEFEATS EMANUEL

Los Angeles, Feb. 5. Tommy Loughran, light heavyweight champion, for the second time defeated Armand Emanuel, San Francisco lawyer-boxer, here to-night. Loughran was floored in the seventh, but finished strong. The title holder won five rounds, Emanuel three and two were even.—Associated Press.

Harbin, Tuesday.—An intoxicated Russian named Manokonoff called at the Soviet Consulate and demanded an interview with the Russian Consul-General, at the same time drawing a revolver. He fired twice, without inflicting any casualties, and was disarmed by the staff, and arrested by the Chinese authorities.—Reuter.

According to the Kuo Wen News Agency there is a distinct reduction in the number of vehicles in use in Peking. This number is as follows:—Motor cars, private, 273; public, 1,919, a decrease of 183; carriages, private, 118; public, 690, a decrease of 388; rickshas, private, 422; public, 30,252, 2,700 less than before; big carts, 4,033, a decrease of 5,400; small carts, 2,973, a decrease of 1,356. There are 2,791 bicycles, the only kind of vehicle which has become more numerous.

LIKE CROOKS AND SMUGGLERS

ANTI-IMPERIALISTS

ASK QUESTIONS IN THE COMMONS

SPEAKER INTERVENES

Sir Austen Chamberlain, in the House of Commons says that he did not consider it is necessary to make representations to the Belgian Government as regards the detention of Messrs. Maxton and Saklatvala at Ostend seeing that the exclusion of aliens is a sovereign right of every Government.

Mr. Wheatley read the terms of his passport "requiring free passage to the bearer," to which Sir A. Chamberlain replied that he had considered whether the form of the passports should be modified in certain cases but had decided that a change was undesirable.

Mr. Maxton appealed to Mr. Baldwin to say whether he approved of his colleagues in the House of Commons being treated on the Continent like crooks and smugglers. The Speaker intervened.—Reuter.

The Incident

The following telegram, dated London, Jan. 15, explains the above:—

[The authorities at Ostend have detained Mr. Reginald Francis Bridgeman, C.M.G., M.V.O., the Secretary of the League of Anti-Imperialism; Mr. J. Maxton, the Labour M.P. for Bridgeton, Glasgow; and Mr. S. Saklatvala, the Communist M.P. for Battersea; who were on their way to Cologne to attend a meeting of the League of Anti-Imperialism.

All three were ordered to return to England by the next boat.

The authorities accepted their parole not to leave their hotel during the night, under penalty of being locked up.

In a long-distance telephone with Reuter's Agency in London, Mr. Bridgeman, the most noted member of the party, stated that other members, including Mr. A. J. Cook, the notorious miners' leader; Mr. Alex. Gossip, who is prominently associated with the I.L.P., and has been connected with the Socialist Sunday School movement since its inception, having opened some twenty of such schools in London; and Mrs. Baruth; are being permitted to proceed to Cologne.

Mr. Bridgeman (whom the "Daily Herald" identifies as a cousin of Viscount Lascelles, and of the Rt. Hon. Mr. W. C. Bridgeman, the First Lord of the Admiralty) related to Reuter that he was stopped with Mr. Maxton, who is the Chairman of the League of Anti-Imperialism, and Mr. Saklatvala by the Maritime Commission at the Passport barrier.

The official informed them that the Minister of Justice had issued an order prohibiting their entry into Belgium. Their passports, tickets and luggage were taken away.

They immediately got into communication with the British Am-

(Continued at foot of next column.)

MORE TOURISTS

"BELGENLAND" DUE HERE TO-MORROW

SIGHT-SEEING VISITORS

A large batch of 165 of the 400 tourists on the Canadian Pacific R.M.S. "Empress of Australia" are visiting Canton to-day. Last night 60 left by steamboat and this morning another 105 went up by train. They are spending four hours sight-seeing in Canton and are due back to-day. A second batch of 60 will leave for Canton to-night by steamboat.

The majority of the tourists remaining in Hong Kong went out for a motor tour of the New Territories to-day, whilst others did a round of shopping in the morning.

"Belgenland" To-morrow The Red Star Line's s.s. "Belgenland" is due in harbour at 8 a.m., to-morrow with a further 480 tourists to swell the invasion. She will stay here until Sunday when she sails for Manila.

Mr. Winfield M. Thompson, an official of the Red Star Line, is travelling on the "Belgenland" world cruise as Field Agent.

Messrs. Butterfield and Swire, local Agents of the Red Star Line, will have a launch to meet the "Belgenland" on her arrival.

THE ARCTIC WAVE

(Continued from Page 1)

imprisoned throughout yesterday, but have now been released as the result of work by snow ploughs and a gang of 120 men. At Pen-y-droes near Carnarvon a passenger train was snowed up throughout Monday night, while frozen points have delayed rail traffic in many parts of the country.

Road Traffic Road traffic is much more seriously disorganised. Inhabitants state that the conditions near Stranraer are even worse than during the great blizzard of 1895. Buses and about one hundred motor-cars are snowed up in neighbourhood. In South Wales many motor "bus services have also been suspended, and numerous accidents due to skids on ice-bound roads occurred yesterday, while scores of vehicles were abandoned in snow-drifts.

Shipping Mishaps The steamer "Peel Castle" with nearly a hundred passengers on board was exposed for sixteen hours to a blinding snowstorm and tremendous seas on a voyage yesterday from Douglas, Isle of Man, to Liverpool.

The vessel was due at the Liverpool landing stage at two o'clock yesterday afternoon, but she did not arrive until the early hours of this morning.

It was revealed on her arrival that she had met with a most extraordinary difficulty. The icy gale froze the mixture of glycerine and water which covered her steering rods when she was off the Far lighthouse at two o'clock in the afternoon, being already late on account of the rough passage.

The ship was completely helpless in the angry seas and anchor was immediately dropped, while the engineers dismantled the steering gear. This was later reassembled and the anchor was weighed and she resumed her trip to Liverpool shortly before midnight.

Channel Wreck It now appears that the Belgian cross-Channel steamer "Ville de Liege" which was reported to have sunk within a few hundred yards of the Dover landing stage, has not actually gone down though she has been badly damaged.

The vessel appears to be resting on a bank, fast on some rocks. Only a small part of her hull can be seen, but this morning some of her masts were taken off at low tide, and an attempt was to have been made later to get her off. The crew and passengers were brought ashore safely by the Dover motor-lifeboat. All had suffered terrible hardships by reason of the freezing of the spray which bespattered their clothing.

Inspector Harold Collett, of Scotland Yard, stated at Northumberland Quarter Sessions that he had identified the finger-prints of more than 250,000 people without making a mistake.

Basador at Brussels, who promised to take the matter up with the Belgian Government.

Mr. Maxton telephoned to Mr. Stanley Baldwin, the Prime Minister, requesting Foreign Office intervention.

Dolores Del Rio

IN

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—as a fiery tempered, alluring young Spanish beauty in a splendid story of romance!

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With NOAH BEERY, GILBERT ROLAND.

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